UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

	FORM 10-Q	
(Mark One)		
☐ QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR	15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXC	HANGE ACT OF 1934
For the q	uarterly period ended September 3	0, 2024
	OR	
	15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXC	HANGE ACT OF 1934 FOR THE TRANSITION PERIOD FROM
ТО	Commission File Number 001-41556	
(Exact na	SNAIL, INC. me of Registrant as specified in its C	Charter)
Delaware		88-4146991
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)		(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)
12049 Jefferson Blvd		
Culver City, CA (Address of principal executive offices)		90230 (Zip code)
	none number, including area code: +	· • · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:	, •	
Title of each class	Trading Symbol (s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
Class A common stock, par value \$0.0001 per share	SNAL	The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC (Nasdaq Capital Market)
Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(a) of the Act. Nana		(Nasuay Capitai Maiket)
Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act: None		VEC TIMO M
Indicate by check mark if the Registrant is not required to file reports pure		
Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant: (1) has filed all reports months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file		
Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant has submitted electronical preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was re		
Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a large accelerated filer, the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller repair."		
Large accelerated filer Non-accelerated filer	☐ Accelerated filer☑ Smaller reporting compared	ompany 🖂
Emerging growth company	⊠ Smaller reporting of ⊠	ompany 🚨
If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the Registr accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange		led transition period for complying with any new or revised financial
If securities are registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act, indicate by an error to previously issued financial statements. \Box	by check mark whether the financial st	tatements of the registrant included in the filing reflect the correction of
Indicate by check mark whether any of those error corrections are restate executive officers during the relevant recovery period pursuant to §240.10	1 ,	sis of incentive-based compensation received by any of the registrant's
Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a shell company (as defi	ned in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange A	ct). YES □ NO ⊠
Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the registrant's classes	es of common stock, as of the latest pr	racticable date.
Class of Common Stock		Outstanding Shares as of November 08, 2024
Class A Common Stock, par value \$0.0001 per share Class B Common Stock, par value \$0.0001 per share		8,205,402 28,748,580
×.		<u> </u>

SNAIL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Form 10-Q For the Quarter Ended September 30, 2024

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CAUTIONARY STATEMENT REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (the "Quarterly Report") contains statements that constitute forward-looking statements. Many of the forward-looking statements contained in this Quarterly Report can be identified by the use of forward-looking words such as "anticipate," "believe," "could," "expect," "should," "plan," "intend," "may," "predict," "continue," "estimate" and "potential," or the negative of these terms or other similar expressions.

Forward-looking statements appear in a number of places in this Quarterly Report and include, but are not limited to, statements regarding our intent, belief or current expectations. These forward-looking statements include information about possible or assumed future results of our business, financial condition, results of operations, liquidity, plans and objectives. Forward-looking statements are based on our management's beliefs and assumptions and on information currently available to our management. Such statements are subject to risks and uncertainties, and actual results may differ materially from those expressed or implied in the forward-looking statements due to various factors, including, but not limited to, those identified described in "Part II, Item 1A. – Risk Factors," of this Quarterly Report. The statements we make regarding the following matters are forward-looking by their nature:

- our ability to re-establish profitable operations, raise additional capital or renegotiate our debt arrangements;
- · our growth prospects and strategies;
- launching new games and additional functionality to games that are commercially successful;
- our expectations regarding significant drivers of our future growth;
- our failure to comply or regain compliance with the continued listing requirements of the Nasdaq Capital Market;
- our ability to retain and increase our player base and develop new video games and enhance our existing games;
- competition from companies in a number of industries, including other casual game developers and publishers and both large and small, public and private multimedia companies;
- our ability to attract and retain a qualified management team and other team members while controlling our labor costs;
- our relationships with third-party platforms such as Xbox Live and Game Pass, PlayStation Network, Steam, Epic Games Store, the Apple App Store, the Google Play Store, My Nintendo Store and the Amazon Appstore;
- our ability to successfully enter new markets and manage our international expansion;
- protecting and developing our brand and intellectual property portfolio;
- costs associated with defending intellectual property infringement and other claims;
- our future business development, results of operations and financial condition;
- rulings by courts or other governmental authorities;
- our Share Repurchase Program (as defined below), including expectations regarding the timing and manner of repurchases made under the Share Repurchase Program;
- our plans to pursue and successfully integrate strategic acquisitions;
- other risks and uncertainties described in this Quarterly Report, including those described in Item 1A of Part II, "Risk Factors"; and
- assumptions underlying any of the foregoing.

Further information on risks, uncertainties and other factors that could affect our financial results are included in our filings with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") from time to time, including in Item 1A of Part II, "Risk Factors," of this Quarterly Report and other periodic reports on Form 10-K and 10-Q filed or to be filed with the SEC. You should not rely on these forward-looking statements, as actual outcomes and results may differ materially from those expressed or implied in the forward-looking statements as a result of such risks and uncertainties. All forward-looking statements in this Quarterly Report are based on management's beliefs and assumptions and on information currently available to us as of the date of this filing, and we do not assume any obligation to update the forward-looking statements provided to reflect events that occur or circumstances that exist after the date on which they were made.

Snail, Inc. and Subsidiaries Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets as of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023

	Sept	ember 30, 2024	December 31, 2023		
ASSETS					
Current Assets:	ф	10.566.204	en en	15 100 122	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	10,566,294	\$	15,198,123	
Accounts receivable, net of allowances for credit losses of \$523,500 as of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023		6,804,338		25,134,808	
Accounts receivable - related party		3,035,555		23,134,606	
Loan and interest receivable - related party		105,255		103,753	
Prepaid expenses - related party		4,952,002		6,044,404	
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		1,336,744		639,693	
Prepaid taxes		9,713,430		9,529,755	
Total current assets		36,513,618		56,650,536	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		1,119,565		1,116,196	
Accounts receivable – related party, net of current portion		3,000,592		7,500,592	
Prepaid expenses - related party, net of current portion		8,994,630		7,784,062	
Property and equipment, net		4,446,772		4,682,066	
Intangible assets, net - other		271,115		271,717	
Deferred income taxes		10,260,441		10,247,500	
Other noncurrent assets		571,711		164,170	
Operating lease right-of-use assets, net		1,600,520		2,440,690	
Total assets	\$	66,778,964	\$	90,857,529	
LIABILITIES, NONCONTROLLING INTERESTS AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY					
, and the second					
Current Liabilities:	ф	2.040.020	en en	12 102 020	
Accounts payable	\$	3,948,039	\$	12,102,929	
Accounts payable - related parties Accrued expenses and other liabilities		15,689,072		23,094,436	
Interest payable - related parties		2,734,535		2,887,193	
		527,770 3,000,000		527,770 6,000,000	
Revolving loan Notes payable		3,000,000		2,333,333	
Convertible notes, net of discount		-		797,361	
Current portion of long-term promissory note		2,743,378		2,811,923	
Current portion of deferred revenue		13,349,641		19,252,628	
Current portion of operating lease liabilities		1,629,835		1,505,034	
Total current liabilities	<u> </u>	43,622,270		71,312,607	
Total current matrines		43,022,270		/1,512,00/	
Accrued expenses		254,731		254,731	
Deferred revenue, net of current portion		19,940,995		15,064,078	
Operating lease liabilities, net of current portion		266,397		1,425,494	
Total liabilities		64,084,393		88,056,910	
Commitments and contingencies					
Stockholders' Equity:					
Class A common stock, \$0.0001 par value, 500,000,000 shares authorized; 9,379,488 shares issued and					
8,029,213 shares outstanding as of September 30, 2024, and 9,275,420 shares issued and 7,925,145 shares outstanding as of December 31, 2023		937		927	
Class B common stock, \$0.0001 par value, 100,000,000 shares authorized; 28,748,580 shares issued and		731		921	
outstanding as of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023		2,875		2,875	
Additional paid-in capital		25,334,672		26,171,575	
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(230,857)		(254,383)	
Accumulated deficit		(13,237,356)		(13,949,325)	
Treasury stock at cost (1,350,275 shares as of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023)		(3,671,806)		(3,671,806)	
Total Snail, Inc. equity		8,198,465		8,299,863	
Noncontrolling interests		(5,503,894)		(5,499,244)	
Total stockholders' equity		2,694,571		2,800,619	
Total liabilities, noncontrolling interests and stockholders' equity	\$	66,778,964	\$	90,857,529	
Total mediates, noncontrolling interests and stockholders equity	Ф	00,770,904	φ	70,037,329	

 $See\ accompanying\ notes\ to\ condensed\ consolidated\ financial\ statements\ (unaudited)$

Snail, Inc. and Subsidiaries Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Loss) for the Three and Nine months Ended September 30, 2024 and 2023

	Т	hree months end	led Sep	tember 30.]	Nine months ended September 30,			
		2024		2023		2024		2023	
D	ф	22.520.272	Ф	0.001.125	Ф	50.252.751	Ф	22 221 976	
Revenues, net Cost of revenues	\$	22,530,372	\$	8,981,135	\$	58,252,751	\$	32,331,876	
Cost of feveriues		13,823,944		9,463,086		39,369,816		29,659,788	
Gross profit (loss)		8,706,428		(481,951)		18,882,935		2,672,088	
Operating expenses:									
General and administrative		3,845,301		3,452,141		8,923,225		11,915,126	
Research and development		3,885,926		1,317,400		7,523,329		3,892,039	
Advertising and marketing		495,938		215,477		1,331,163		488,318	
Depreciation and amortization		72,402		112,914		235,294		346,084	
Total operating expenses		8,299,567		5,097,932		18,013,011		16,641,567	
						, ,		, , ,	
Income (loss) from operations		406,861		(5,579,883)		869,924		(13,969,479)	
Other income (expense):									
Interest income		60,675		47,147		225,227		98,411	
Interest income - related parties		504		504		1,501		1,496	
Interest expense		(95,997)		(370,376)		(634,262)		(961,196)	
Other income		74,891		313,156		546,484		321,331	
Foreign currency transaction loss		(55,835)		(1,394)		(32,055)		(25,606)	
Total other income (expense), net		(15,762)		(10,963)		106,895		(565,564)	
Income (loss) before provision for (benefit from) income taxes		391,099		(5,590,846)		976,819		(14,535,043)	
Provision for (benefit from) income taxes		Í		(1,156,675)		,			
1 tovision for (benefit from) income taxes		157,938		(1,130,073)		269,501		(3,044,380)	
Net income (loss)		233,161		(4,434,171)		707,318		(11,490,663)	
Net loss attributable to non-controlling interests		(1,986)		(1,539)		(4,650)		(7,222)	
Net income (loss) attributable to Snail, Inc.		235,147		(4,432,632)		711,968		(11,483,441)	
Comprehensive income (loss) statement:									
Net income (loss)		233,161		(4,434,171)		707,318		(11,490,663)	
Other comprehensive income (loss) related to foreign currency translation									
adjustments, net of tax		52,116		(1,512)		23,526		19,515	
Total comprehensive income (loss)	\$	285,277	\$	(4,435,683)	\$	730,844	\$	(11,471,148)	
		<u> </u>		<u> </u>					
Net income (loss) attributable to Class A common stockholders: Basic	c c	£1 212	e.	(055.762)	•	154.072	e	(2.477.769)	
	\$	51,312	\$	(955,763)	\$	154,972	\$	(2,477,768)	
Diluted	\$	51,312	\$	(955,763)	\$	127,440	\$	(2,477,768)	
Net income (loss) attributable to Class B common stockholders:									
Basic	\$	183,835	\$	(3,476,869)	\$	556,996	\$	(9,005,673)	
Diluted	\$	183,835	\$	(3,476,869)	\$	458,041	\$	(9,005,673)	
	Ψ	105,055	Ψ	(3,470,00)	Ψ	430,041	Ψ	(2,003,075)	
Income (loss) per share attributable to Class A and B common									
stockholders:									
Basic	\$	0.01	\$	(0.12)	\$	0.02	\$	(0.31)	
Diluted	\$ \$	0.01	\$	(0.12)	\$	0.02	\$	(0.31)	
Weighted-average shares used to compute income (loss) per share									
attributable to Class A common stockholders:		0.0545						2 000 = ::	
Basic		8,024,369		7,901,145		7,998,686		7,909,715	
Diluted		8,024,369	_	7,901,145		8,148,133	_	7,909,715	
Weighted-average shares used to compute income (loss) per share									
attributable to Class B common stockholders: Basic		30 540 500		20 5 40 500		20 540 500		20 540 500	
		28,748,580	_	28,748,580	_	28,748,580	_	28,748,580	
Diluted		28,748,580	_	28,748,580		28,748,580		28,748,580	

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements (unaudited)

Snail, Inc. and Subsidiaries Condensed Consolidated Statements of Equity for the Three and Nine months Ended September 30, 2024 and 2023

	Clas Common Shares	n Sto	ock 10unt	Class Common Shares		Additional Paid-In- Capital	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	Accumulated Deficit	Treasury Shares	y Stock Amount	Snail, Inc. Equity (Deficit)	Non controlling interests	Total Equity (Deficit)
Balance at December 31, 2022	9,251,420	\$	925	28,748,580	\$ 2,875	\$23,436,942	\$ (307,200) 5	6 (4,863,250)	(1,197,649)	\$(3,414,713)	\$14,855,579	\$(5,490,895)	\$ 9,364,684
Stock based compensation related to restricted stock units	_		-	_	-	152,595	-	-	_	-	152,595	-	152,595
Repurchase of common stock	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	(152,626)	(257,093)	(257,093)	-	(257,093)
Foreign currency translation			-	-	-	-	2,320		-	-	2,320	-	2,320
Net loss								(2,971,378)		-	(2,971,378)	(1,219)	(2,972,597)
Balance at March 31, 2023	9,251,420	\$	925	28,748,580	\$ 2,875	\$23,589,537	\$ (304,880) 5	6 (7,834,628)	(1,350,275)	\$(3,671,806)	\$11,782,023	\$(5,492,114)	\$ 6,289,909
Return of dividend distribution tax withholding payment	-		-	-	-	1,886,600		_	-	-	1,886,600	_	1,886,600
Stock based compensation related to restricted stock units	-		-	_	-	232,770	-	_	_	_	232,770	-	232,770
Foreign currency translation	-		-	-	-	-	18,707	_	-	-	18,707	-	18,707
Net loss								(4,079,431)		-	(4,079,431)	(4,464)	(4,083,895)
Balance at June 30, 2023	9,251,420	\$	925	28,748,580	\$ 2,875	\$25,708,907	\$ (286,173) S	6 (11,914,059)	(1,350,275)	\$(3,671,806)	\$ 9,840,669	\$(5,496,578)	\$ 4,344,091
Stock based compensation related to restricted stock units	-		-	_	-	236,642	-	-	_	_	236,642	-	236,642
Foreign currency translation	_		-	_	-	_	(1,512)		-	_	(1,512)	_	(1,512
Net loss								(4,432,632)		-	(4,432,632)	(1,539)	(4,434,171)
Balance at September 30, 2023	9,251,420	\$	925	28,748,580	\$ 2,875	\$25,945,549	<u>\$ (287,685)</u>	(16,346,691)	(1,350,275)	\$(3,671,80 <u>6</u>)	\$ 5,643,167	<u>\$(5,498,117)</u>	\$ 145,050
	Clas Common Shares	n Sto	ock 10unt	Class Common Shares		Additional Paid-In- Capital	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	Accumulated Deficit	Treasur Shares	y Stock Amount	Snail, Inc. Equity (Deficit)	Non controlling interests	Total Equity (Deficit)
Balance at December 31, 2023	9,275,420	\$	927	28,748,580	\$ 2,875	\$26,171,575	\$ (254,383) \$	§ (13,949,325)	(1,350,275)	\$(3,671,806)	\$ 8,299,863	\$(5,499,244)	\$ 2,800,619
Conversion of notes payable	71,460		7	-	-	59,993	-	-	-	-	60,000	-	60,000
Stock based	-		-	-	-	(926,875)	-	-	-	-	(926,875)	-	(926,875)

compensation

related to restricted stock units												
Common stock issued for service	10,869	1	-	-	(1)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Foreign currency translation	-	_	-	_	-	(19,297)	-	-	-	(19,297)	-	(19,297)
Net loss		_			-	-	(1,779,329)	-		(1,779,329)	(1,129)	(1,780,458)
Balance at March 31, 2024	9,357,749	935	28,748,580 \$	2,875 \$	§25,304,692 \$	(273,680) \$	(15,728,654)	(1,350,275) \$(3,67	/1,806) \$	5 5,634,362	\$(5,500,373)	\$ 133,989
Stock based compensation related to restricted stock units	_	-	_	-	14,982	·	-	·	_	14,982	-	14,982
Common stock issued for service	10,870	1	-	-	(1)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Foreign currency translation	-	-	-	_	-	(9,293)	-	-	-	(9,293)	-	(9,293)
Net income (loss)		-			<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	2,256,151			2,256,151	(1,535)	2,254,616
Balance at June 30, 2024	9,368,619	S 936	28,748,580 \$	2,875 \$	\$25,319,673 \$	(282,973) \$	(13,472,503)	(1,350,275) \$(3,67	/1,80 6) \$	5 7,896,202	\$(5,501,908)	\$ 2,394,294
Stock based compensation related to restricted stock units	-	_	-	_	15,000	-	-	-	-	15,000	-	15,000
Common stock issued for service	10,869	1	-	_	(1)	-	-	-	-		-	
Foreign currency translation	-	-	-	-	-	52,116	-	-	-	52,116	-	52,116
Net income (loss)	-	-	-	-	-	-	235,147	<u>-</u>	-	235,147	(1,986)	233,161
Balance at September 30, 2024	9,379,488	S 937	28,748,580 \$	2,875 \$	§25,334,672 §	(230,857) \$		(1,350,275) \$(3,67	/1,806) §			

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements (unaudited)

Snail, Inc. and Subsidiaries Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the Nine months Ended September 30, 2024 and 2023

		2024	2023		
Cash flows from operating activities:					
Net income (loss)	\$	707,318	\$	(11,490,663)	
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	Ψ	707,510	Ψ	(11,470,003)	
Amortization - intangible assets - license, related parties		_		1,253,623	
Amortization - intangible assets - other		603		603	
Amortization - loan origination fees and debt discounts		60,242		142,656	
Accretion – convertible notes		222,628		142,030	
Depreciation and amortization - property and equipment		235,294		346,084	
Stock-based compensation expense (income)		(896,893)		622,007	
Interest income from restricted escrow deposit		(890,893)		(33,935)	
Deferred taxes, net		(12,884)		(3,058,738)	
Deferred taxes, liet		(12,004)		(3,036,736)	
Changes in assets and liabilities:					
Accounts receivable		18,330,470		2,674,655	
Accounts receivable - related party		1,464,445		(255,045)	
Prepaid expenses - related party		(118,167)		(2,500,000)	
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		(697,051)		156,450	
Prepaid taxes		(183,675)		-	
Other noncurrent assets		(407,441)		(2,903)	
Accounts payable		(7,891,975)		846,553	
Accounts payable - related parties		(7,405,363)		(248,391)	
Accrued expenses and other liabilities		(152,658)		134,131	
Interest receivable - related party		(1,501)		(1,496)	
Lease liabilities		(194,125)		(148,233)	
Deferred revenue		(1,026,070)		767.883	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		2.033.197		(10,794,759)	
The second of th		2,000,177		(10,771,707)	
Cash flows from financing activities:					
Repayments on promissory note		(68,545)		(59,589)	
Repayments on notes payable		(2,333,333)		(3,750,000)	
Repayments on convertible notes		(1,020,000)		(5,750,000)	
Repayments on revolving loan		(3,000,000)		(3,000,000)	
Borrowings on notes payable		(3,000,000)		2,275,000	
Proceeds from issuance of convertible notes				847,500	
Refund of dividend withholding tax overpayment				1,886,600	
Purchase of treasury stock		_		(257,093)	
Payments of capitalized offering costs		-		(342,318)	
Payments of offering costs in accounts payable		(262.014)		(342,316)	
Net cash used in financing activities		(262,914)	_	(2,399,900)	
Net cash used in financing activities		(6,684,792)		(2,399,900)	
Effect of foreign currency translation on cash and cash equivalents		23,135		20,390	
		25,155		20,370	
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents, and restricted cash and cash equivalents		(4,628,460)		(13,174,269)	
Cash and cash equivalents, and restricted cash and cash equivalents - beginning of the period		16,314,319		19,238,185	
cush and cush equivalents, and restricted cush and cush equivalents segmining of the period		10,514,517		17,230,103	
Cash and cash equivalents, and restricted cash and cash equivalents – end of the period	\$	11,685,859	\$	6,063,916	
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information					
Cash paid during the period for:					
Interest	\$	421,986	\$	725,885	
Income taxes	\$ \$		\$		
	<u>a</u>	401,671	3	504,581	
Noncash transactions during the period for:					
Issuance of warrants in connection with the equity line of credit	\$		\$	(105,411)	
Debt converted to equity	\$	(60,000)	\$		
Right-of-use assets obtained in exchange for a lease liability	\$	(85,588)	\$	-	
2	Ψ	(05,500)	4		

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements (unaudited)

NOTE 1 – PRESENTATION AND NATURE OF OPERATIONS

Snail, Inc. was incorporated under the laws of Delaware in January 2022. The terms "Snail, Inc," "Snail Games," "our" and the "Company" are used to refer collectively to Snail, Inc. and its subsidiaries. The Company's fiscal year end is December 31. The Company was formed for the purpose of completing an initial public offering ("IPO") and related transactions to carry on the business of Snail Games USA Inc. and its subsidiaries. Snail Games USA Inc. was founded in 2009 as a wholly owned subsidiary of Suzhou Snail Digital Technology Co., Ltd. ("Suzhou Snail") located in Suzhou, China and is the operating entity that continues post IPO. Snail Games USA Inc. is devoted to researching, developing, marketing, publishing, and distributing games, content and support that can be played on a variety of platforms including game consoles, PCs, mobile phones and tablets.

Basis of Presentation and Consolidation

The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the rules and regulations of the SEC and generally accepted accounting principles as promulgated in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP") for interim reporting. Accordingly, certain notes or other information that are normally required by U.S. GAAP have been condensed or omitted if they substantially duplicate disclosures contained in our annual audited consolidated financial statements. Additionally, the year-end condensed consolidated balance sheet data was derived from audited consolidated financial statements but does not include all disclosures required by U.S. GAAP. Accordingly, the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto for the year ended December 31, 2023 included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023, filed with the SEC on April 1, 2024. The condensed consolidated results of operations for any interim period are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year or for any other future annual or interim period.

In the opinion of management, all adjustments considered necessary for the fair presentation of the Company's financial position and its results of operations in accordance with U.S. GAAP (consisting of normal recurring adjustments) have been included in the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

The condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Snail, Inc. and the following subsidiaries:

	Equity %
Subsidiary Name	Owned
Snail Games USA Inc.	100%
Snail Innovation Institute	70%
Frostkeep Studios, Inc.	100%
Eminence Corp	100%
Wandering Wizard, LLC	100%
Donkey Crew, LLC	99%
Interactive Films, LLC	100%
Project AWK Productions, LLC	100%
BTBX.IO, LLC	70%

All intercompany accounts, transactions, and profits have been eliminated upon consolidation.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of condensed consolidated financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires the Company to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in our consolidated financial statements and the accompanying notes. Such estimates include revenue recognition, see Note 2 – Revenue Recognition, provisions for credit losses, deferred income tax assets and associated valuation allowances, deferred revenue, stock-based compensation and fair value of warrants. These estimates generally involve complex issues and require management to make judgments, involve analysis of historical and future trends that can require extended periods of time to resolve, and are subject to change from period to period. In all cases, actual results could differ materially from estimates.

Segment Reporting

The Company has one operating and reportable segment. Our operations involve similar products and customers worldwide. Revenue earned is primarily derived from the sale of software titles, which are developed internally or licensed from related parties. Financial information about our segment and geographic regions is included in Note 3 – Revenue from Contracts with Customers

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Revenue Recognition

The Company's revenue is generated from the publishing of software games sold digitally and through physical discs (e.g., packaged goods), the publishing of separate downloadable content that are new feature releases to existing digital full-game downloads that are sold digitally, and in-app purchases of virtual goods used by players of its free-to-play mobile games. When control of the promised products and services is transferred to the end users, the Company recognizes revenue in the amount that reflects the consideration it expects to receive in exchange for these products and services. Revenue from delivery of products is recognized at a point in time when the end consumers purchase the games, and the control of the license is transferred to them.

The virtual goods that the Company sells to players of our free-to-play mobile-games, include virtual currency or in-game purchases of additional game play functionality. For virtual goods, the satisfaction of our performance obligation is dependent on the nature of the virtual good purchased and as a result, the Company categorizes its virtual goods as follows:

- Consumable: consumable virtual items represent items that can be consumed by a specific player action. Consumable virtual items do not result in a direct benefit that the player keeps or provide the player any continuing benefit following consumption, and they often enable a player to perform an in-game action immediately. For the sale of consumable virtual items, the Company recognizes revenue as the items are consumed (i.e., over time).
- Durable: durable virtual items represent items that are accessible to the player over an extended period of time. The Company recognizes revenue from the sale of durable virtual items ratably over the estimated service period for the applicable game (i.e., over time), which represents our best estimate of the average life of the durable virtual items.

For the ARK: Survival Ascended and Bob's Tall Tales games that were sold in a bundle with downloadable content ("DLC") that have not yet been launched and been reported in deferred revenue in the condensed consolidated balance sheets, the Company has used the adjusted market assessment approach per ASC 606-10-32-34 to assign a value for the Company's remaining performance obligation. The Company uses the following reasonably available information in developing the standalone selling prices of the performance obligations:

- Reasonably available data points, including third party or industry pricing, and contractually stated prices.
- Market conditions such as market demand, competition, market constraints, awareness of the product and market trends.
- Entity-specific factors including pricing strategies and objectives, market share and pricing practices for bundled arrangements.

The Company recognizes revenue using the following five steps as provided by Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") Topic 606 Revenue from Contracts with Customers: 1) identify the contract(s) with the customer; 2) identify the performance obligations in each contract; 3) determine the transaction price; 4) allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations; and 5) recognize revenue when, or as, the entity satisfies a performance obligation. The Company's terms and conditions vary by customers and typically provide payment terms of net 30 to 75 days.

Principal vs. Agent Consideration

The Company offers certain software products via third-party digital storefronts, such as Microsoft's Xbox Live, Sony's PlayStation Network, Valve's Steam, Epic Games Store, My Nintendo Store, Apple's App Store, the Google Play Store, and retail distributors. For sales of our software products via third-party digital storefronts and retail distributor, the Company determines whether or not it is acting as the principal in the sale to the end user, which the Company considers in determining if revenue should be reported based on the gross transaction price to the end user or based on the transaction price net of fees retained by the third-party digital storefront. An entity is the principal if it controls a good or service before it is transferred to the customer. Key indicators that the Company uses in evaluating these sales transactions include, but are not limited to, the following:

- The underlying contract terms and conditions between the various parties to the transaction;
- · Which party is primarily responsible for fulfilling the promise to provide the specified good or service; and
- Which party has discretion in establishing the price for the specified good or service.

Based on our evaluation of the above indicators, for sales arrangements via Microsoft's Xbox Live, Sony's PlayStation Network, Valve's Steam, Epic Games Store, My Nintendo Store, and our retail distributor, the digital platforms and distributors have discretion in establishing the price for the specified good or service and the Company has determined it is the agent in the sales transaction to the end user and therefore the Company reports revenue on a net basis based on the consideration received from the digital storefront. For sales arrangements via Apple's App Store and the Google Play Store, the Company has discretion in establishing the price for the specified good or service and it has determined that the Company is the principal to the end user and thus reports revenue on a gross basis and mobile platform fees charged by these digital storefronts are expensed as incurred and reported within cost of revenues.

Contract Balance

The Company records deferred revenue when cash payments are received or due in advance of its performance, even if amounts are refundable.

Deferred revenue is comprised of the transaction price allocable to the Company's performance obligation on technical support and the sale of virtual goods available for in-app purchase, and payments received from customers prior to launching the games on the platforms. The Company recognizes revenues from the sale of virtual goods ratably over their estimated service period. The Company's estimated service period for players of our current software games is generally 30 to 100 days from the date of purchase.

The Company has a long-term title license agreement with a platform which makes ARK I available on the platform in perpetuity, and puts ARK II on the platform for three years upon release. The Company recognized \$2.5 million in revenue related to ARK I is perpetual license during the year ended December 31, 2022 and deferred \$2.3 million related to ARK II that is included in the long-term portion of deferred revenue and will be recognized upon the release of ARK II on the platform.

In July 2023, the Company entered into a distribution agreement with its retail distribution partner for the distribution of ARK: Survival Ascended and ARK II. The initial term is two years and will renew each subsequent year unless it is cancelled. Upon executing the distribution agreement, the Company received \$1.8 million as prepaid royalties. During the nine months ended September 30, 2024, the Company recognized \$0.7 million of the revenue related to the retail release of ARK: Survival Ascended. As of September 30, 2024, the Company reported the remaining \$1.1 million related to ARK II as long-term deferred revenue until the disc releases occur.

Estimated Service Period

For certain performance obligations satisfied over time, the Company has determined that the estimated service period is the time period in which an average user plays our software games ("user life") which most faithfully depicts the timing of satisfying our performance obligation. The Company considers a variety of data points when determining and subsequently reassessing the estimated service period for players of our software games. Primarily, the Company reviews the weighted average number of days between players' first and last day playing online or the subscription trend. The Company also considers publicly available online trends.

The Company believes this provides a reasonable depiction of the transfer of our game related services to our players, as it is the best representation of the period during which our players play our software games. Future usage patterns may differ from historical usage patterns, and therefore the estimated service period may change in the future. The estimated service periods for players of our current software games are generally between 30 and 100 days depending on the software games.

Shipping, Handling and Value Added Taxes ("VAT")

The distributor, as the principal, is responsible for the shipping of the game discs to retail stores and incurring the shipping and VAT costs. The Company is paid the net sales amount after deducting shipping costs, VAT and other related expenses by the distributor.

Cost of Revenues

Cost of revenues include software license royalty fees, merchant fees, server and database center costs, game localization costs, game licenses, engine fees and amortization costs. Cost of revenues for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023 were comprised of the following:

	Three months ended September 30,					Nine months ended September 30,				
		2024		2023		2024		2023		
Software license royalties – related parties	\$	5,324,889	\$	2,108,764	\$	13,257,181	\$	6,878,563		
Software license royalties		269,235		372,666		495,418		979,505		
License and amortization – related parties		6,000,000		4,695,652		18,000,000		14,753,623		
License and amortization		201		201		603		603		
Merchant fees		225,555		215,635		667,055		1,023,911		
Engine fees		852,508		292,127		3,154,846		1,009,252		
Internet, server and data center		1,115,682		1,777,894		3,737,007		4,929,631		
Costs related to advertising revenue		35,874		147		57,706		84,700		
Total:	\$	13,823,944	\$	9,463,086	\$	39,369,816	\$	29,659,788		

General and Administrative Costs

General and administrative costs include rent, salaries, stock-based compensation, legal and professional expenses, expenses related to being a publicly traded company, administrative internet and server, contractor costs, insurance expense, licenses and permits, other taxes and travel expenses. These costs are expensed as they are incurred. Stockbased compensation of \$13,966 and \$220,231 was incurred during the three months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. Stock-based compensation of (\$834,719) and \$589,532 was incurred during the nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Advertising and Marketing Costs

The Company expenses advertising and marketing costs as incurred.

Research and Development

Research and development costs are expensed as incurred. Research and development costs include travel, payroll, and other general expenses specific to research and development activities. Stock-based compensation of \$1,034 and \$16,411 was incurred during the three months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. Stock-based compensation of (\$62,174) and \$32,475 was incurred during the nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Non-controlling Interests

Non-controlling interests on the condensed consolidated balance sheets and condensed consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income (loss) include the equity allocated to non-controlling interest holders. As of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, there were non-controlling interests with the following subsidiaries:

Subsidiary Name	Equity % Owned	Non-Controlling %
Snail Innovative Institute	70%	30%
BTBX.IO, LLC	70%	30%
Donkey Crew, LLC	99%	1%
T. O.		

Cash and Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash is available for use in current operations or other activities such as capital expenditures and business combinations. Restricted cash and cash equivalents are time deposits, that are currently provided as a standby letter of credit to landlords. The Company's policy for determining whether an item is treated as cash, or a cash equivalent, is based on its original maturity, liquidity, and risk profile. Investments with maturities of three months or less, are highly liquid and have insignificant risk are considered to be cash equivalents.

Restricted Escrow Deposits

Our restricted deposits held in escrow are to provide a source of funding for certain indemnification obligations of Snail, Inc. to our underwriters in connection with our IPO. The deposit and related interest earnings were restricted for one year from the IPO date and were released from restrictions in November 2023.

Accounts Receivable

The Company generally records a receivable related to revenue when it has an unconditional right to invoice and receive payment. Accounts receivable are carried at original invoice amount less an allowance made for credit losses. The Company uses a combination of quantitative and qualitative risk factors to estimate the allowance, including an analysis of the customers' creditworthiness, historical experience, age of current accounts receivable balances, changes in financial condition or payment terms of our customers, and reasonable forecasts of the collectability of the accounts receivable. The Company evaluates the allowance for credit losses on a periodic basis and adjusts it as necessary based on the risk factors mentioned above. Any increase in the provision for credit losses is recorded as a charge to general and administrative expense in the current period. Any amounts deemed uncollectible are written off against the allowance for credit losses. Management judgment is required to estimate our allowance for credit losses in any accounting period. The amount and timing of our credit losses and cash collection could change significantly because of a change in any of the risk factors mentioned above. There were no credit losses recognized during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023.

Film Costs, net

The Company capitalizes costs to produce short videos in accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") ASC Topic 926, including direct production costs, production overhead, interest, acquisition costs and development costs. The Company will account for each episodic series as a unit for which capitalized film costs will be amortized by the Company using the individual-film forecast-computation method. Each reporting period the Company will reassess its estimate of ultimate revenues used to determine the amortization rate for each episodic series. If the estimate is revised, the Company will account for the change prospectively. The Company will then remeasure the amortization based on the portion of ultimate revenues that have been recognized and that are yet to be recognized. Unamortized film costs shall be tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that fair value of the film may be less than its unamortized film costs. If the fair value of an episodic series is less than its unamortized film costs, the Company will write off the excess amount. The Company groups its film and content rights by monetization strategy. As of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, \$401,051 and \$0 of film costs are capitalized and included in other noncurrent assets in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets. For the nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023 the Company capitalized \$401,051 and \$0 of film costs, respectively.

Fair Value Measurements

The Company follows FASB ASC Topic 820, Fair Value Measurements. ASC 820 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value under generally accepted accounting principles and enhances disclosures about fair value measurements. Fair value is defined under ASC 820 as the exchange price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants.

ASC 820 establishes a hierarchy of valuation inputs based on the extent to which the inputs are observable in the marketplace. Observable inputs reflect market data obtained from sources independent of the reporting entity and unobservable inputs reflect the entity's own assumptions about how market participants would value an asset or liability based on the best information available. Valuation techniques used to measure fair value under ASC 820 must maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. The standard describes a fair value hierarchy based on three levels of inputs, of which the first two are considered observable and the last unobservable, that may be used to measure fair value.

The following describes the hierarchy of inputs used to measure fair value and the primary valuation methodologies used by the Company for financial instruments measured at fair value.

The three levels of inputs are as follows:

- Level 1: Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Company has an ability to access as of the measurement date.
- Level 2: Inputs that are observable, either directly or indirectly, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities, quoted prices in markets that are not active, or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the same term of the assets or liabilities.
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities.

A financial instrument's categorization within the valuation hierarchy is based upon the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Our financial instruments include cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash and cash equivalents, short-term financial instruments, short-term loans, accounts receivable and accounts payable. The carrying values of these financial instruments approximate their fair value due to their short maturities or economic substance. The carrying amount of our revolving loan and notes payable approximates fair value because the interest rates on these instruments approximate the interest rate on debt with similar terms available to us for a similar duration. The fair value of the Company's promissory note which has a fixed rate for 5 years, then a floating rate that approximates the Wall Street Journal Prime Rate plus 0.50%. The Company considers the carrying amount of the loan to approximate fair value as the discounted cost in comparison to market rates would not be materially different than the cost to acquire a loan with similar terms. See Note 16 – *Equity* for the fair value disclosures related to the Company's convertible notes, and the Company's warrant liability and derivative instruments. The Company does not have any other assets or liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring or non-recurring basis as of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023.

Amortizable Intangibles and Other Long-lived Assets

The Company's long-lived assets and other assets consisting of property and equipment and purchased intangible assets, are reviewed for impairment in accordance with the guidance of FASB Topic ASC 360, Property and Equipment. Intangible assets subject to amortization are carried at cost less accumulated amortization and amortized over the estimated useful life in proportion to the economic benefits received. The Company evaluates the recoverability of definite-lived intangible assets and other long-lived assets in accordance with ASC Subtopic 360-10, which generally requires the assessment of these assets for recoverability when events or circumstances indicate a potential impairment exists. The Company considers certain events and circumstances in determining whether the carrying value of identifiable intangible assets and other long-lived assets, other than indefinite lived intangible assets, may not be recoverable including, but not limited to: significant changes in performance relative to expected operating results; significant changes in the use of the assets; significant negative industry or economic trends; and changes in the Company's business strategy. If the Company determines that the carrying value may not be recoverable, the Company estimates the undiscounted cash flows to be generated from the use and ultimate disposition of the asset group to determine whether an impairment exists. If an impairment is indicated based on a comparison of the asset groups' carrying values and the undiscounted cash flows, the impairment loss is measured as the amount by which the carrying amount of the asset group exceeds its fair value. Fair value is determined through various valuation techniques including discounted cash flow models, quoted market values and third-party independent appraisals, as considered necessary. There can be no assurance, however, that market conditions will not change or demand for the Company's products under development will continue. Either of these could result in future impairment of

Income Taxes

Income taxes are provided for the tax effects of transactions reported in the condensed consolidated financial statements and consisted of taxes currently due and deferred taxes. Deferred taxes are recognized for the differences between the basis of assets and liabilities for financial statement and income tax purposes.

The Company follows FASB Topic ASC 740, Income Taxes, which requires the recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities for the expected future tax consequences of events that have been included in the consolidated financial statements or tax returns.

Under this method, deferred income taxes are recognized for the tax consequences in future years of differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their financial reporting amounts at each period end based on enacted tax laws and statutory tax rates, applicable to the periods in which the differences are expected to affect taxable income. Valuation allowances are established, when necessary, to reduce deferred tax assets to the amount expected to be realized.

FASB ASC 740-10-25 provides criteria for the recognition, measurement, presentation, and disclosure of uncertain tax positions. The Company must recognize the tax benefit from an uncertain tax position only if it is more likely than not that the tax position will be sustained on examination by the taxing authorities, based on the technical merits of the position. The tax benefits recognized in the consolidated financial statements from such a position are measured based on the largest benefit that has a greater than 50% likelihood of being realized upon ultimate resolution. The Company recognizes liabilities for uncertain tax positions pursuant to FASB ASC 740-10-25. Such amounts are included in the long-term accrued expenses on the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets in the amount of \$254,731 as of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023. The Company accrues and recognizes interest and penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits in operating expenses.

Concentration of Credit Risk and Significant Customers

The Company maintains cash balances at several major financial institutions. While the Company attempts to limit credit exposure with any single institution, balances often exceed insurable amounts. As of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the Company had deposits of \$9,876,427 and \$14,716,652, respectively, that were not insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation and are included in the cash and cash equivalents, and restricted cash and cash equivalents, in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets.

The Company extends credit to various digital resellers and partners. Collection of trade receivables may be affected by changes in economic or other industry conditions and may, accordingly, impact our overall credit risk. The Company does not require collateral or other security to support financial instruments subject to credit risk. The Company performs ongoing credit evaluations of customers and maintains reserves for potentially uncollectible accounts. The Company has four customers as of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, who accounted for approximately 88% and 95% of consolidated gross receivables, respectively. Among four customers as of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, each customer accounted for 43%, 23%, 12% and 10% as of September 30, 2024, and 43%, 20%, 16% and 16% as of December 31, 2023 of the consolidated gross receivables outstanding. The Company had four customers in the three months ended September 30, 2023, that accounted for 44%, 15%, 14% and 11%, and 40% and 20% of the Company's net revenue, respectively. The Company had four customers in the nine months ended September 30, 2024, and two customers in the nine months ended September 30, 2024, and two customers in the nine months ended September 30, 2024, and two customers in the nine months ended September 30, 2023, that accounted for 46%, 14%, 13% and 11%, and 36% and 17% of the Company's net revenue, respectively. The loss of these customers or declines in the forecasts of their accounts receivable collectability would have a significant impact on the Company's financial performance.

As of September 30, 2024, the Company had two vendors who accounted for approximately 37% and 11% of consolidated gross payables, respectively, and as of December 31, 2023 the Company had one vendor who accounted for approximately 69% of consolidated gross payables. The loss of these vendors could have a significant impact on the Company's financial performance.

The Company had one vendor, SDE, a related party, that accounted for 61% and 45% of the Company's combined cost of revenues and operating expenses during the three months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. Amounts payable to SDE are included in accounts receivable – related party and accounts payable - related parties in the condensed consolidated balance sheets as of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively. SDE accounted for 55% and 49% of the Company's combined cost of revenues and operating expenses during the nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. The loss of SDE as a vendor would significantly and adversely affect the Company's core business.

Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncements

In August 2020, the FASB issued ASU 2020-06, Contracts in Entity's Own Equity (Subtopic 815-40) – Accounting for Convertible Instruments and Contracts in an Entity's Own Equity, to simplify the application of GAAP for certain financial instruments with characteristics of liabilities and equity. The FASB decided to eliminate certain accounting models to simplify the accounting for convertible instruments, reduce complexity for preparers and practitioners, and improve the decision usefulness and relevance of the information provided to financial statement users. The FASB also amended the guidance for derivatives scope exception for contracts in an entity's own equity to reduce form-over-substance-based accounting conclusion and amended the related earnings per share guidance. The Company has adopted this standard on January 1, 2024 and it did not have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

In October 2023, the FASB issued ASU 2023-06, Codification Amendments in Response to the SEC's Disclosure Update and Simplification Initiative, to clarify or improve disclosure and presentation requirements of a variety of topics. Certain of the amendments represent clarifications to or technical corrections of the current requirements. Many of the amendments allow users to more easily compare entities subject to the SEC's existing disclosures with those entities that were not previously subject to the SEC's requirements. ASU 2023-06 is effective for companies subject to the SEC's disclosure requirements. The effective date for each amendment will be the date on which the SEC's removal of that related disclosure from Regulation S-X or Regulation S-K becomes effected. For all other entities the amendments will be effective two years. The Company expects the implementation of this standard to require modification of certain disclosures and we do not expect the standard to have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

In November 2023, the FASB issued ASU 2023-07, *Improvements to Reportable Segment Disclosure (Topic 280)*, to improve financial reporting by requiring disclosure of incremental segment information on an annual and interim basis for all public entities. The update does not change how a public entity identifies its operating segments, aggregates those operating segments, or applied the quantitative thresholds to determine its reportable segments. The amendments in this update are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023, and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2024. The Company is evaluating the impact of adopting the new standard.

In December 2023, the FASB issued ASU 2023-09, *Income Taxes (Topic 740): Improvements to Income Tax Disclosures*, to improve the transparency of income tax disclosures requiring consistent categories and greater disaggregation of information in the rate reconciliation and income taxes paid disaggregated by jurisdiction. The amendments in the update requires that public business entities, on an annual basis, disclose specific categories in the rate reconciliation and provide additional information for reconciling items that meet a quantitative threshold. The amendments in this update are effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2024. The Company is evaluating the impact of adopting the new standard.

In March 2024, the FASB issued ASU 2024-02, *Codification Improvements* to amend a variety of topics in the accounting codification by removing references to various FASB concept statements. This accounting standard is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2024, and early adoption is permitted. The Company is evaluating the impact of adopting the new standard.

Employee Savings Plans

The Company maintains a 401(k) for its United States based employees. The plan is offered to all eligible employees to make voluntary contributions. Employer contributions to the plan are reported under general and administrative costs in the amounts of \$25,650 and \$26,003 for the three months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively and \$74,907 and \$77,391 for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Stock-Based Compensation

The Company recognizes compensation cost for stock-based awards to employees based on the awards' estimated grant-date fair value using a straight-line approach over the service period for which such awards are expected to vest. The Company accounts for forfeitures as they occur. The Company did not issue any restricted stock units ("Restricted Stock Units" or "restricted stock units") during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, and 2023. The fair value of Restricted Stock Units is determined based on the quoted market price of our common stock on the date of grant.

The Company's 2022 Omnibus Incentive Plan (the "2022 Plan") became effective upon the consummation of the IPO. The 2022 Omnibus Incentive allows us to grant options to purchase our common stock and to grant stock options, stock appreciation rights, restricted stock, restricted stock units and performance awards and other cash-based awards and other stock-based awards to our employees, officers, and directors, up to a maximum of 5,718,000 shares. Stock options may be granted to employees and officers and non-qualified options may be granted to employees, officers, and directors, at not less than the fair market value on the date of grant. The number of shares of common stock available for issuance under the 2022 Plan will be increased annually on the first day of each fiscal year during the term of the 2022 Plan, beginning with the 2023 fiscal year, by an amount equal to the lesser of (a) 5,718,000 shares, (b) 1% of the shares of the Company's Class B common stock outstanding (on a fully diluted basis) on the final day of the immediately preceding calendar year or (c) such smaller number of shares as determined by the Company's board of directors. As of September 30, 2024 there were 4,506,022 shares reserved for issuance under the 2022 Plan.

Restricted Stock Units

The Company granted restricted stock units under our 2022 Omnibus Incentive Plan to employees and directors. Restricted stock units are unfunded, unsecured rights to receive common stock upon the satisfaction of certain vesting criteria. Upon vesting, a number of shares of common stock equivalent to the number of restricted stock units is typically issued net of required tax withholding requirements, if any. Restricted stock units are subject to forfeiture and transfer restrictions.

Warrants

The Company accounts for Warrants as either equity-classified or liability-classified instruments based on an assessment of the warrant's specific terms and applicable authoritative guidance in FASB ASC 480, Distinguishing Liabilities from Equity ("ASC 480") and ASC 815, Derivatives and Hedging ("ASC 815"). The assessment considers whether the Warrants are freestanding financial instruments pursuant to ASC 480, meet the definition of a liability pursuant to ASC 480, and whether the Warrants meet all of the requirements for equity classification under ASC 815, including whether the Warrants are indexed to the Company's own shares of Class A common stock and whether the warrant holders could potentially require "net cash settlement" in a circumstance outside of the Company's control, among other conditions for equity classification. This assessment, which requires the use of professional judgment, is conducted at the time of warrant issuance and as of each subsequent quarterly period end date while the Warrants are outstanding.

For issued or modified Warrants that meet all of the criteria for equity classification, the Warrants are required to be recorded as a component of equity at the time of issuance. For issued or modified Warrants that do not meet all the criteria for equity classification, the Warrants are required to be recorded as liabilities at their initial fair value on the date of issuance, and each balance sheet date thereafter. Changes in the estimated fair value of the Warrants are recognized as a non-cash gain or loss on the statements of operations.

Share Repurchase Program

On November 10, 2022, the Company's board of directors authorized a share repurchase program under which the Company may repurchase up to \$5 million of outstanding shares of Class A common stock of the Company, subject to ongoing compliance with the Nasdaq listing rules. The program does not have a fixed expiration date. Repurchased shares are accounted for at cost and reported as a reduction of equity in the condensed consolidated balance sheets under treasury stock. No treasury stock was sold during the three or nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023. As of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, 1,350,275 shares of Class A common stock were repurchased pursuant to the Share Repurchase Program for an aggregate purchase price of approximately \$3.7 million. The average price paid per share was \$2.72 and approximately \$1.3 million aggregate amount of shares of Class A common stock remain available for repurchase under the Share Repurchase Program.

Earnings (loss) Per Share

Earnings (loss) per share ("EPS") is calculated by dividing the net income (loss) that is applicable to the common stockholders for the period by the weighted average number of shares of common stock during that period. The diluted EPS for the period is calculated by dividing the net earnings (loss) applicable to common stockholders for the period by the weighted average number of shares of common stock and common stock equivalents outstanding during the period. The Company's common stock equivalents are measured using the treasury stock method and represent unvested restricted stock units and warrants. The Company issues two classes of common stock with differing voting rights, and as such, reports EPS using the dual class method. For more information see Note 15 – Earnings (Loss) Per Share.

Dividend Restrictions

Our ability to pay cash dividends is currently restricted by the terms of our credit facilities.

NOTE 3 – REVENUE FROM CONTRACTS WITH CUSTOMERS

Disaggregation of revenue

Timing of recognition

The Company recognizes revenue at a point in time for performance obligations that are met at the time of sale or at the time of a release. The Company recognizes revenue over a period based on the estimated service period of the product and additional performance obligations met over time for technical support. Net revenue by timing of recognition during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023 were as follows:

	Three months ended September 30,				Nine months ended September 30,				
	2024		2023		'	2024	2023		
Over time	\$	1,206,362	\$	1,348,547	\$	3,428,021	\$	4,807,415	
Point in time		21,324,010		7,632,588		54,824,730		27,524,461	
Total revenue from contracts with customers:	\$	22,530,372	\$	8,981,135	\$	58,252,751	\$	32,331,876	

Geography

The Company attributes net revenue to geographic regions based on customer location. Net revenue by geographic region for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023 were as follows:

	Three months en	tember 30,	Nine months ended September 30,				
	2024		2023		2024		2023
United States	\$ 19,677,713	\$	8,615,877	\$	50,489,170	\$	28,757,507
International	2,852,659		365,258		7,763,581		3,574,369
Total revenue from contracts with customers:	\$ 22,530,372	\$	8,981,135	\$	58,252,751	\$	32,331,876

Platform

Net revenue by platform for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023 were as follows:

	Three months ended September 30,			Nine months ended September 30,				
	<u> </u>	2024		2023		2024		2023
Console	\$	9,866,331	\$	3,862,923	\$	24,204,453	\$	13,262,988
PC		10,722,203		3,717,627		27,644,669		12,097,176
Mobile		1,036,746		1,400,585		3,132,152		4,626,820
Other		905,092		-		3,271,477		2,344,892
Total revenue from contracts with customers:	\$	22,530,372	\$	8,981,135	\$	58,252,751	\$	32,331,876

Distribution channel

Our products are delivered through digital online services (digital download, online platforms, and cloud streaming), mobile, and retail distribution and other. Net revenue by distribution channel for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023 was as follows:

	Three months ended September 30,				Nine months ended September 30,				
		2024		2023		2024		2023	
Digital	\$	20,588,534	\$	7,580,550	\$	51,849,122	\$	25,360,164	
Mobile		1,036,746		1,400,585		3,132,152		4,626,820	
Physical retail and other		905,092		-		3,271,477		2,344,892	
Total revenue from contracts with customers:	\$	22,530,372	\$	8,981,135	\$	58,252,751	\$	32,331,876	

Other Revenues

As discussed in Note 14, the Company recognized the \$1.2 million payment related to the Angela Games settlement upon satisfaction of performance obligations included in the contract. This amount is included in other revenues for the nine months ended September 30, 2024.

Deferred Revenue

The Company records deferred revenue when payments are due or received in advance of the fulfillment of our associated performance obligations; reductions to deferred revenue balance were primarily due to the recognition of revenue upon fulfillment of its performance obligations, which were in the ordinary course of business. As of September 30, 2024, the balance of deferred revenue was \$33.3 million, of which \$32.2 million is due to non-refundable payments. The Company is expecting to recognize \$9.6 million of the non-refundable payments in the next 12 months through the platform releases of certain DLCs, \$16.2 million of non-refundable payments in the next 12 to 60 months through the release of DLC's and additional *ARK* titles. The remaining \$3.8 million of current non-refundable deferred revenues and \$2.6 million of long term non-refundable deferred revenue will be recognized as revenue primarily on a straight-line basis over the next 60 months, based on our estimates of technical support obligations, the usage of consumable virtual goods and estimated period of time an end user will play the game. The Company's refundable deferred revenue consists of \$1.1 million in advance payments received in accordance with the agreement the Company has made with its retail distributor. Activities in the Company's deferred revenue as of September 30, 2024 and 2023 were as follows:

	2024	2023
Deferred revenue, beginning balance in advance of revenue recognition billing	\$ 34,316,706	\$ 9,551,446
Revenue recognized	(20,222,086)	(5,223,331)
Revenue deferred	19,196,016	7,200,644
Deferred revenue, ending balance	 33,290,636	 11,528,759
Less: current portion	(13,349,641)	(5,848,320)
Deferred revenue, long term	\$ 19,940,995	\$ 5,680,439

NOTE 4 – CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND RESTRICTED CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash equivalents are valued using quoted market prices or other readily available market information. The Company has restricted cash and cash equivalents of \$1,119,565 and \$1,116,196 as of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively. The amounts of restricted cash and cash equivalents held as of September 30, 2024, are to secure the standby letter of credit with landlords and the amounts of restricted cash and cash equivalents as of September 30, 2023, were held as security for the debt with a financial institution (see Note 11 — Revolving Loan, Short Term Note, and Long-Term Debt) and to secure standby letters of credit with landlords. On June 21, 2023, the Company amended its revolving loan and \$5,273,391 of restricted cash and cash equivalents was released. The following table summarizes the components of the Company's cash and cash equivalents, and restricted cash and cash equivalents as of September 30, 2024 and 2023:

	2024	4	2023
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	10,566,294	\$ 4,948,832
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		1,119,565	1,115,084
Cash and cash equivalents, and restricted cash and cash equivalents	\$	11,685,859	\$ 6,063,916

NOTE 5 - ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE (PAYABLE) - RELATED PARTY

Accounts receivable — related party represents receivables in the ordinary course of business attributable to certain mobile game revenues that, for administrative reasons, were collected by a related party and that the related party has not yet remitted back to the Company. Accounts receivable — related party is non-interest bearing and due on demand. The related party, SDE Inc. ("SDE"), is 100% owned and controlled by the wife of the Founder, Co-Chief Executive Officer, Chief Strategy Officer and Chairman of the Company. In January 2024, the Company entered into an offset agreement with SDE. The Company has the right to offset payables due to the related party for royalties, internet, server, and datacenter costs ("IDC") and marketing costs as they are determinable, mutual, and the right is enforceable by law. The Company will offset \$0.5 million per month, or \$6.0 million annually, beginning in January 2024, until the receivable has been collected or offset in full. To reflect the timing of the offset agreement, a portion of the SDE receivable is presented as a long-term asset. During the nine months ended September 30, 2024, the Company made cash payments to SDE in the amount of \$35.1 million and anticipates continuing to make cash payment to SDE in future years. As of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the outstanding balance of net accounts receivable from related party was as follows:

	2024	2023
Accounts receivable – related party	\$ 9,000,592	\$ 13,500,592
Less: accounts payable – related party – SDE	(2,964,445)	(10,946,478)
Net accounts receivable, related party - SDE	6,036,147	 2,554,114
Less: accounts receivable - related party, net of current portion	3,000,592	7,500,592
Net accounts receivable (payable), related party, current - SDE	\$ 3,035,555	\$ (4,946,478)

NOTE 6 - PREPAID EXPENSES - RELATED PARTY

On March 10, 2023, the Company amended its exclusive software license agreement with SDE relating to the *ARK* franchise. For DLC's, the Company plans to release during the term of the agreement, the Company has the option to pay the \$5.0 million DLC payment in whole or in part, when paid in advance; or in full, upon the DLC release. No payment for any DLC under this agreement will exceed \$5.0 million.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2024, the Company made \$0.3 million in prepaid royalty payments related to ARK: Survival Ascended DLC's which have not yet been released. During the year ended December 31, 2023, the Company prepaid \$2.5 million for exclusive license rights for an ARK: Survival Ascended DLC to SDE and \$5.5 million in prepaid royalties related to ARK: Survival Ascended DLC's which had not yet been released. Prepaid expenses — related party consisted of the following as of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023:

	2024		2023
Prepaid royalties	\$ 6,368	786 \$	6,086,406
Prepaid licenses	7,500,	000	7,500,000
Other prepaids	77,	846	242,060
Prepaid expenses - related party, ending balance	13,946	532	13,828,466
Less: short-term portion	(4,952,	002)	(6,044,404)
Total prepaid expenses - related party, long-term	\$ 8,994	530 \$	7,784,062

The amount classified as short-term, as of September 30, 2024, and December 31, 2023, includes prepaid royalties for ARK: Survival Ascended DLC's which have not yet been released and various operational software licenses obtained through SDE.

NOTE 7 - PREPAID EXPENSES AND OTHER CURRENT ASSETS

Prepaid expenses and other current assets consisted of the following as of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023:

	2024	2023
Other receivables	\$ 887,121	\$ -
Deferred offering costs	105,411	105,411
Other prepaids	124,066	70,967
Other current assets	220,146	463,315
Total prepaid expenses and other current assets	\$ 1,336,744	\$ 639,693

Other receivables consist of receivables related to Myth of Empires and our ARK animated series.

NOTE 8 – PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, NET

Property and equipment, net consisted of the following as of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023:

	202	4	2023
Building	\$	1,874,049	\$ 1,874,049
Land		2,700,000	2,700,000
Building improvements		1,010,218	1,010,218
Leasehold improvements		1,537,775	1,537,775
Autos and trucks		178,695	178,695
Computer and equipment		1,809,214	1,809,214
Furniture and fixtures		411,801	411,801
Property and equipment		9,521,752	9,521,752
Accumulated depreciation		(5,074,980)	(4,839,686)
Property and equipment, net	\$	4,446,772	\$ 4,682,066

Depreciation and amortization expense was \$72,402 and \$112,914 for the three months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. Depreciation and amortization expense was \$235,294 and \$346,084 for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. The Company did not have any disposals in the three or nine months ended September 30, 2024 or 2023.

NOTE 9 - ACCOUNTS PAYABLE — RELATED PARTIES

Accounts payable due to related parties represents payables in the ordinary course of business primarily for purchases of game distribution licenses, research and development costs and also the royalties due to Suzhou Snail and SDE. As of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the Company had \$15,689,072 and \$18,147,958, respectively, as accounts payable due to Suzhou Snail; and \$4,946,478, as net accounts payable due to SDE as of December 31, 2023, see Note 5 — *Accounts Receivable (Payable)* — *Related Party.* During the three months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, the Company incurred \$46,714 and \$58,661, respectively as license costs due to Suzhou Snail and included in cost of revenues. During the nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, the Company incurred \$138,115 and \$201,609, respectively as license costs due to Suzhou Snail and included in cost of revenues. In March 2024, the Company entered into an outsource agreement with Suzhou Snail for the research and development of a new title. In consideration, the Company will pay Suzhou Snail twelve equal monthly payments of \$253,000, beginning on January 1, 2024. In July 2024, the Company entered into another software development, publishing and distribution agreement with Suzhou Snail. Under the terms of the agreements Suzhou Snail will develop a game for distribution by the Company and the Company will make \$4.5 million in milestone payments during the development of the game and an ongoing royalty on sales of the game. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 the Company incurred \$759,000 and \$2,277,000, respectively, of research and development costs passed through Suzhou Snail, there were no such costs passed through Suzhou Snail during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, respectively, there were \$2,796,500 and \$5,811,500 in payments to Suzhou Snail for royalties and research and development costs. Accounts payable – related parties consisted of the following as of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023:

	2024	2023
Accounts payable - Suzhou	\$ 53,303,985	\$ 55,762,870
Less: accounts receivable - Suzhou	(37,614,913)	(37,614,912)
Accounts payable - SDE	-	4,946,478
Total accounts payable – related parties	\$ 15,689,072	\$ 23,094,436

NOTE 10 - LOAN AND INTEREST RECEIVABLE — RELATED PARTY

In February 2021, the Company loaned \$200,000 to a wholly owned subsidiary of Suzhou Snail. The loan bears 2.0% per annum interest, interest and principal were due in February 2022. In February 2022, Suzhou Snail signed an agreement with this subsidiary and assumed the loan and related interest for a total of \$203,890. Subsequently, \$103,890 was offset against the loan and interest payable owed to Suzhou Snail on a separate note. The total amount of loan and interest receivable — related party was \$105,255 and \$103,753, as of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively. The Company earned \$504 and \$504 in interest on the related party loans receivable during the three months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. The Company earned \$1,501 and \$1,496 in interest on the related party loans receivable during the nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

September 30, 2024

December 31, 2023

NOTE 11 - REVOLVING LOAN, SHORT TERM NOTES AND LONG - TERM DEBT

Total long-term debt

	5cptciiibci 50, 2024	December 31, 2023
2021 Revolving Loan - On June 21, 2023, the Company amended its revolving loan agreement ("amended		
revolver") and decreased the maximum balance from \$9,000,000 to \$6,000,000. The amended revolver		
matures on December 31, 2024 and has an annual interest rate equal to the prime rate less 0.25%. At		
September 30, 2024, the interest rate on this loan was 7.75%. Debt covenants of this loan require the		
Company to maintain a minimum debt service coverage ratio of at least 1.5 to 1. The Company was in		
compliance with the debt covenants of this loan for the trailing twelve month period ended September 30,		
2024.	\$ 3,000,000	\$ 6,000,000
2021 Promissory Note – On June 17, 2021, the Company amended its loan agreement to reduce the principal		
amount with financial institution for 10 years, annual interest rate of 3.5% for the first 5 years, and then		
floating at Wall Street Journal rate from years 6 to 10. The loan is secured by the Company's building, with a		
carrying value of \$4.2 million, and matures on June 30, 2031. The note is subject to a prepayment penalty.		
Debt covenants of this loan require the Company to maintain a minimum debt service coverage ratio of at		
least 1.5 to 1. The Company was in compliance with the debt covenants of this loan for the trailing twelve	2 742 270	2.011.022
month period ended September 30, 2024.	2,743,378	2,811,923
2022 Short Term Note - On January 26, 2022, the Company amended its revolving loan and long-term debt agreements to obtain an additional note with a principal balance of \$10,000,000 which was originally set to		
mature on January 26, 2023. Interest was equal to the higher of 3.75% or the Wall Street Journal Prime Rate		
plus 0.50%. The loan was secured by the Company's assets. In the event of a default, all outstanding amounts		
under the note would bear interest at a default rate equal to 5% over the note rate. Debt covenants of this loan		
required the Company to maintain a minimum debt service coverage ratio of at least 1.5 to 1 and would be		
measured quarterly. In November 2022, the maturity was extended to January 26, 2024 and at December 31,		
2023, the interest rate on this loan was 8.25%. The Company repaid the balance of \$833,333 during the nine		
month period ended September 30, 2024.	_	833,333
2023 Convertible Notes – On August 24, 2023, the Company issued convertible notes at a 7.4% discount		055,555
and a principal balance of \$1,080,000. The notes had an interest rate of 7.5%, were paid in consecutive		
monthly installments beginning February 24, 2024 and matured on May 24, 2024. In the event of a default		
the interest rate was to be increased to the lower of 16% per annum or the highest amount permitted by		
applicable law. The Company had the option to prepay the notes at any time and the note holders had the		
option to convert the notes, in whole or in part, at any time. The Company recognized a discount of \$678,254		
on the notes to account for the stated discount, the fair value of the warrants issued in connection with the		
notes and the costs of issuance. The discount was amortized using the effective interest rate of 103.4%. The		
Company repaid \$1,020,000 of the balance, and the investors converted \$60,000 of the debt into class A		
common stock, during the nine month period ended September 30, 2024.	-	1,080,000
2023 Note Payable - In July 2023, the Company entered into a cooperation agreement with its internet,		
server and datacenter vendor. The Company agreed to make the vendor the official server host of Ark:		
Survival Evolved and future iterations and sequels of the game for a period of 7 years. In return the vendor		
has agreed to provide the Company with funds in cash of up to \$3.0 million without discount and free of		
charges and costs to the Company. The funds are repaid based on 20% of the gross monthly ARK: Survival		
Ascended revenues. The Company has imputed interest at 8.0% on draws made. If in default, the interest rate		
is levied on the outstanding balances at a rate of 12.0% per annum. The Company repaid the balance of \$1.5		
million during the nine month period ended September 30, 2024.	_ _	1,500,000
Total debt	5,743,378	12,225,256
Less: discount on convertible notes		282,639
Less: current portion of promissory note	2,743,378	2,811,923
Less: revolving loan	3,000,000	6,000,000
Less: notes payable	-	2,333,333
Less: convertible notes, net of discount	<u> </u>	797,361

Total interest expense for the above debt and revolver loan amounted to \$73,707 and \$348,898 for the three months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. Accretion of the convertible notes and amortization of loan origination expenses and loan discounts of \$2,611 and \$121,930 are included as part of interest expense for the three months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. Total interest expense for the above debt and revolver loan amounted to \$611,972 and \$937,893 for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. Accretion of the convertible notes and amortization of loan origination expenses and loan discounts of \$343,226 and \$142,656 are included as part of interest expense for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. The Company has a weighted average interest rate of 5.7% and 8.1% on its short-term obligations as of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively. The Company was in compliance with its debt covenants related to the 2021 Revolving Note and 2021 Promissory note for the trailing twelve months ended September 30, 2024, however it is probable that the Company will fail the covenants within the next 12 months. As such, the Company has classified the long-term portion of its promissory note as current.

The following table provides future minimum payments of its long-term debt based on contractual payments, as of September 30, 2024:

Years ending December 31,	Amount
Remainder of 2024	\$ 3,020,829
2025	86,013
2026	89,115
2027	92,329
2028	95,414
Thereafter	2,359,678
	\$ 5,743,378

NOTE 12 – INCOME TAXES

The Company recognized an income tax expense of \$157,938 and income tax benefit of \$1,156,675 for the three months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. The income tax expense of \$269,501 and income tax benefit of \$3,044,380 for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively, reflects a tax rate of 28% and 21%, respectively. As of September 30, 2024, the Company's effective tax rate differed from the federal statutory rate of 21% primarily due to state taxes, foreign withholding tax, and permanent differences.

The Company has assessed all available positive and negative evidence of whether sufficient future taxable income will be generated to realize the deferred tax assets, including the results of recent operations, continued release of games and DLC's, and projections of future taxable income. After evaluating the positive and negative evidence, management believes it is more likely than not that the Company will realize the benefits of these deductible differences. In the event that negative evidence outweighs positive evidence in future periods, the Company may need to record additional valuation allowance, which could have a material impact on our financial position. The Company continues to maintain a valuation allowance against certain deferred tax assets that are not more likely than not to be realized.

In the Company's ordinary course of business the Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") and other taxing authorities may examine various years of the Company's tax filings. The Company's 2022 fiscal year is currently under examination by the IRS. During the examination the Company may receive proposed adjustments that could be material. There are currently no settlements that the Company believes will be more likely than not to require settlement and thus no liability has been accrued.

NOTE 13 – OPERATING LEASE RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS

The Company's right-of-use assets represent arrangements related primarily to office facilities used in the ordinary business operations of the Company and its subsidiaries. In April 2018, a commercial bank issued an irrevocable standby letter of credit on behalf of the Company to the landlord for \$1,075,000 to lease office space. The standby letter of credit was valid for a one-year term and was amended in January 2021 to extend to January 31, 2026. As of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the Company's net operating lease right-of-use assets amounted to \$1,600,520 and \$2,440,690, respectively. The Company had variable lease payments of approximately \$33,791 and \$58,071 during the three months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively, and approximately \$95,962 and \$97,875 during the nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, which consisted primarily of common area maintenance charges and administrative fees.

Operating lease costs included in the general and administrative expenses in our condensed consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income (loss) for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

	For the three months			For the nine months			
	ended September 30,			ended September 30,			30,
	 2024		2023		2024		2023
Operating lease costs	\$ 417,492	\$	419,605	\$	1,214,004	\$	1,198,467

Supplemental information related to operating leases for lease liabilities as of September 30, 2024 and September 30, 2023, is as follows:

	2024	2023
Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of lease liabilities	\$ 1,207,837	\$ 1,155,759
Weighted average remaining lease term	1.3 years	2.2 years
Weighted average discount rate	5.12%	5.00%

Future undiscounted lease payments for operating leases and a reconciliation of these payments to our operating lease liabilities as of September 30, 2024 are as follows:

	Imputed							
		Future lease		Interest	Lease			
Years ending December 31,	payments		Amount		Liabilities			
Remainder of 2024	\$	414,701	\$	20,836	\$	393,865		
2025		1,477,621		33,237		1,444,384		
2026		24,737		3,455		21,282		
2027		25,636		1,778		23,858		
2028		13,042		199		12,843		
Thereafter		_		_		_		
Total future lease payments	\$	1,955,737	\$	59,505	\$	1,896,232		

NOTE 14 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Litigation

The Company is subject to claims and contingencies related to lawsuits and other matters arising out of the normal course of business. In addition, the Company may receive notifications alleging infringement of patent or other intellectual property rights. The Company has elected to expense legal costs associated with legal contingencies as incurred.

On December 1, 2021, the Company and Studio Wildcard sent a notice of claimed infringement (the "DCMA Takedown Notice") to Valve Corporation, which operates the Steam platform, pursuant to the Digital Millennium Copyright Act ("DCMA"). The DCMA Takedown Notice concerned a videogame titled *Myth of Empires*, which was developed by Suzhou Angela Online Game Technology Co., Ltd. ("Angela Game") and published by Imperium Interactive Entertainment Limited ("Imperium").

On December 9, 2021, Angela Game and Imperium sued the Company and Studio Wildcard in the United States District Court for the Central District of California (the "District Court") in response to the DCMA Takedown Notice. The lawsuit sought a declaratory judgment on non-liability for copyright infringement and non-liability for trade secret misappropriation, as well as unspecified damages for alleged misrepresentations in the DCMA Takedown Notice. Angela Game and Imperium also filed an application for a temporary restraining order asking the court to order us and Studio Wildcard to rescind the DCMA Takedown Notice so that Steam could reinstate Myth of Empires for download. On December 20, 2021, the Company and Studio Wildcard filed an answer to the complaint, which included counterclaims against Angela Game and Imperium and a third-party complaint against Tencent seeking unspecified damages resulting from the alleged copyright infringement and misappropriation of trade secrets in connection with the ARK: Survival Evolved source code.

On September 8, 2023, the Company entered into a settlement agreement with Angela Game. The settlement agreement includes an upfront payment from Angela Game to the Company plus ongoing payments. The upfront payment of \$1.2 million was recorded as deferred revenue as of December 31, 2023, and recognized upon the satisfaction of performance obligations during the nine months ended September 30, 2024.

On March 14, 2023, Bel Air Soto, LLC ("Plaintiff") filed suit in the Superior Court of California, County of Los Angeles, against Snail Games USA Inc. and INDIEV, an affiliate company that is owned by Mr. Hai Shi, the Company's Founder, Co-Chief Executive Officer, Chief Strategy Officer, and Chairman, for breach of contract and related claims arising out of a commercial lease for premises located in Los Angeles County. Plaintiff alleges that the defendants exercised an option to extend the lease and was harmed when defendants instead terminated the lease and vacated the premises. The complaint seeks damages in excess of \$3 million. Snail Games USA Inc. disputes the allegations and the amount of damages. The Company has responded to the complaint with an answer and cross-complaint. The cross-complaint seeks return for the \$130,000 security deposit. The landlord has answered and denied the allegations of the cross-complaint. The Company intends to vigorously defend against the claims asserted. Trial is presently scheduled to commence in May 2025.

On April 21, 2023, Snail Games USA Inc. entered into an indemnity and reimbursement agreement with INDIEV, dated as of April 1, 2023, pursuant to which INDIEV agrees to assume all obligations and liabilities pursuant to the lease and indemnify and reimburse Snail Games USA Inc. for any amounts, damages, expenses, costs or other liability incurred by Snail Games USA Inc. arising under or pursuant to the lease or relating to the premises.

In October 2023, INDIEV has filed for bankruptcy and the Company does not expect to recover its costs from INDIEV. Accordingly, it is uncertain whether INDIEV would be able to indemnify the Company due to its bankruptcy. At this time, the Company is unable to quantify the magnitude of the potential loss should the plaintiffs' lawsuit succeed and accordingly no accrual for loss has been recorded in the accompanying financial statements.

NOTE 15 -EARNINGS (LOSS) PER SHARE

The Company uses the two class method to compute its basic earnings (loss) per share ("Basic EPS") and diluted earnings (loss) per share ("Diluted EPS"). The following table summarizes the computations of basic EPS and diluted EPS. The allocation of earnings between Class A and Class B shares is based on their respective economic rights to the undistributed earnings of the Company. Basic EPS is computed as net income (loss) divided by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding for the period. Diluted EPS reflects the potential dilution that could occur using the treasury stock and if-converted methods. The following table provides a reconciliation of the weighted average number of shares used in the calculation of Basic and Diluted EPS.

	For the three months ended September 30,				For the nine months ended September 30,			
		2024		2023		2024		2023
Basic Earnings (Loss) Per Share:								
Net income (loss) attributable to Class A common stockholders	\$	51,312	\$	(955,763)	\$	154,972	\$	(2,477,768)
Net income (loss) attributable to Class B common stockholders		183,835		(3,476,869)		556,996		(9,005,673)
Total net income (loss) attributable to Snail Inc.	\$	235,147	\$	(4,432,632)	\$	711,968	\$	(11,483,441)
Class A weighted average shares outstanding - basic		8,024,369		7,901,145		7,998,686		7,909,715
Class B weighted average shares outstanding - basic		28,748,580		28,748,580		28,748,580		28,748,580
Class A and B basic earnings (loss) per share	\$	0.01	\$	(0.12)	\$	0.02	\$	(0.31)
	_							
Diluted Earnings (Loss) Per Share:								
Net income (loss) attributable to Class A common stockholders	\$	51,312	\$	(955,763)	\$	127,440	\$	(2,477,768)
Net income (loss) attributable to Class B common stockholders	\$	183,835	\$	(3,476,869)	\$	458,041	\$	(9,005,673)
Class A weighted average shares outstanding - basic		8,024,369		7,901,145		7,998,686		7,909,715
Dilutive effects of common stock equivalents		-		-		149,447		-
Class A weighted average shares outstanding - diluted		8,024,369		7,901,145		8,148,133		7,909,715
Class B weighted average shares outstanding - basic		28,748,580		28,748,580		28,748,580		28,748,580
Dilutive effects of common stock equivalents		-		-		-		-
Class B weighted average shares outstanding - diluted		28,748,580		28,748,580		28,748,580		28,748,580
Diluted earnings (loss) per Class A share	\$	0.01	\$	(0.12)	\$	0.02	\$	(0.31)
Diluted earnings (loss) per Class B share	\$	0.01	\$	(0.12)	\$	0.02	\$	(0.31)

The following table provides a listing of shares excluded from the calculation of Diluted EPS due to their anti-dilutive effects:

		For the three months ended September 30,		For the nine months ended September 30,		
	2024	2023	2024	2023	Method	
Excluded Shares:						
Restricted stock units outstanding	1,155,371	1,194,763	1,155,371	1,194,763	Treasury	
Equity line of credit warrants	367,647	367,647	367,647	367,647	Treasury	
Underwriters warrants	120,000	120,000	120,000	120,000	Treasury	
Convertible notes	-	767,863	637,736	873,574	If-Converted	
Convertible notes warrants	1,607,849	714,285	-	714,285	Treasury	

NOTE 16 – EQUITY

The Company has authorized two classes of common stock, Class A and Class B. The rights of the holders of both Class A and Class B common stock will be identical, except with respect to voting, conversion and transfer restrictions applicable to the Class B common stock. Each share of Class A common stock will be entitled to one vote. Each share of Class B common stock will be entitled to ten votes and will be convertible into one share of Class A common stock automatically upon transfer, subject to certain exceptions. Holders of Class A common stock and Class B common stock will vote together as a single class on all matters unless otherwise required by law.

In connection with our IPO, on November 9, 2022, the Company issued to the Underwriters warrants to purchase 120,000 shares of Class A common stock (the "Underwriters Warrants"). The Underwriters Warrants may be exercised at a price per share equal to 125% of the IPO price, or \$6.25 per share. The Underwriters Warrants are exercisable, in whole or in part, commencing on November 9, 2022, and expiring on the three-year anniversary thereof. The Underwriters Warrants have not been exercised as of the filing of this Quarterly Report.

The Underwriters Warrants are legally detachable and separately exercisable from the Class A common stock; therefore, they meet the definition of freestanding and are not considered embedded in the Firm Shares.

The Underwriters Warrants are considered indexed to the Company's own stock. Additionally, the Company concludes that the Underwriters Warrants meet all requirements for equity classification. Because the Underwriters Warrants were issued to the Underwriters for their services and can be exercised immediately (subject to certain transfer conditions) they were measured at their fair value on their date of issuance and recorded within stockholders' equity. As long as the Underwriters Warrants remain classified as equity, they shall not be revalued.

Convertible Debt

In August 2023, pursuant to a securities purchase agreement (the "SPA"), the Company issued to two accredited investors (the convertible debt "Investors") convertible notes with an aggregate principal amount of \$1,080,000 (the "Convertible Notes") and warrants to purchase up to an aggregate of 714,285 shares of the Company's Class A common stock for gross proceeds of \$1,000,000 (the "Convertible Notes Financing").

In connection with the Convertible Notes Financing, the Company also entered into a registration rights agreement with the Investors. So long as the Company complies with certain conditions set forth in the SPA and the registration rights agreement, the Company will sell and the Investors will purchase, an additional \$1,080,000 of aggregate principal amount of notes and warrants in the second tranche of the Convertible Note Financing. The second tranche closing has not yet taken place.

The Convertible Notes carry an original issue discount of approximately 7.4%, bear interest at a rate of 7.5% per annum (16% per annum in case of an event of default), are repayable in equal consecutive monthly installments that began in February 2024 and matured on May 24, 2024 (the "Maturity Date").

The Convertible Notes may be prepaid by the Company upon giving the Investors a fifteen-trading day notice by paying an amount equal to the then outstanding balance. If the Company enters into a qualifying financing it may be required by the Investors to repay part or all of the Convertible Notes at a 112.5% premium (limited to 10% of the proceeds of the qualified financing, if such financing results in gross proceeds to the Company at least \$5,000,000). In event of default or change of control, the Investors may require the Company to prepay the Convertible Notes at a 120% premium.

Subject to certain ownership limitations, starting three months after their issuance, the Convertible Notes could be converted at the option of the holder at any time into shares of the Company's Class A common, at a conversion price equal to 90% (85% in case of an event of default) of the average of the three the lowest daily volume weighted average price ("VWAP") of the Class A common stock during the ten (10) trading days period prior the receipt of the notice of conversion. The conversion price may be adjusted if the Company issues a qualifying security at a lower price than the then conversion price.

If, upon receipt of conversion notice, the Company cannot issue shares of Class A common stock for any reason, then it is required to issue as many shares of Class A common stock as it is able to issue and, with respect to the unconverted principle portion, the Noteholder may elect for the Company to pay for each shares of Class A common stock that could not be issued at a price equal to the higher of the then conversion price or the VWAP as of the date of the conversion notice.

The Company determined that the Convertible Notes included features that required bifurcation from the debt host and met the criteria to be accounted for as a derivative liability that is accounted for at fair value. On the date of issuance, the compound derivative had an estimated fair value that was not significant due to the remoteness of the events that would trigger the redemption features. The derivative liability uses level 3 inputs, is to be measured at fair value each reporting date with change in fair value being reported in other income. The change in fair value during the nine months ended September 30, 2024, was not significant and as such, was not recorded.

On the date of issuance, the Company allocated the proceeds between the instruments issued using fair value for the derivative liability with the residual amounts allocated to the convertible notes and warrants using relative fair value as follows:

Convertible notes	\$ 554,246
Derivative liability	-
Warrants	445,754
Total proceeds	\$ 1,000,000

The difference of \$525,754 between the allocated proceeds to the Convertible Notes and the aggregate principal amount will be accreted during the life of the notes. Additionally, \$152,500 of transaction costs incurred by the Company were recorded as debt discount. As of September 30, 2024 the Company has repaid the balance of the convertible notes.

The following is a summary of the Convertible Notes as of December 31, 2023:

		debt discount				
	Principal	and issuance	Ne	et carrying	Fair v	value
	Amount	costs		amount	 Amount	Levelling
Convertible Notes	\$ 860,910	\$ (63,549)	\$	797,361	\$ 536,170	Level 3

The debt discount was amortized to interest expense over the maturity period using the effective interest method at a rate of 103.4%. The effective interest rate is based on the principal balance discounted by stated interest, debt issuance costs and fair value allocated to the related warrants. For the nine months ended September 30, 2024, the Company recognized \$309,433 of interest expense related to the Convertible Notes, comprising of \$22,725 of contractual interest expense, \$222,628 in accretion and \$64,080 of amortization of debt discount and issuance costs. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, the Company recognized \$121,796 of interest expense related to the Convertible Notes, comprising of \$8,325 of contractual interest expense, \$87,958 in accretion and \$25,513 of amortization of debt discount and issuance costs.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2024, the Company repaid \$1,071,750 of principal and accrued interest and the investors converted \$60,000 of principal into 71,460 shares of Class A common stock.

Convertible Note Warrants

On August 24, 2023, the Company issued warrants in connection with its convertible debt for the purchase of 714,285 shares (the "Convertible Note Warrants"). The Convertible Note Warrants are accounted for as liabilities and are included in the accrued expenses and other liabilities in the condensed consolidated balance sheets. The Convertible Note Warrants may require partial cash settlement in the future, include various adjustment provisions, meet the definition of a derivative and are classified as a liability, as such the warrants are measured at fair value in accordance with ASC 815 – "Derivatives and Hedging".

The convertible note warrants allow the Investors to purchase an aggregate of 714,285 shares of the Company's Class A common stock at an exercise price of \$1.89. The warrants can be exercised, subject to certain ownership limitations, in whole or in part during the exercise period commencing on November 24, 2023 and ending on the date that is five years thereafter.

The exercise price and the number of shares of the warrants are subject to adjustment for standard anti-dilution provisions and also for subsequent issuance at a price lower than the then exercise price and adjustments to the strike price of other equity-linked instruments to a lower price than the then exercise price.

Due to their adjustment provisions, the warrants are classified as a liability on the condensed consolidated balance sheet. The fair value of the warrants at issuance has been estimated using a Monte-Carlo model as follows:

	Decem	December 31, 2023		
Stock price	\$	1.21	\$.72
Exercise price	\$	1.89	\$.84
Contractual term (years)		4.65		3.9
Volatility		50.0%		60.0%
Risk-free rate		3.87%		3.58%

Expected volatility is the estimate of the expected volatility of the Company's Class A common stock, based on the Company's weekly trading history then reduced by 5% to 10% as it is generally accepted that market participants to not pay for the full volatility.

The warrant liability, which uses level 3 inputs, is to be measured at fair value each reporting period with the change in fair value being recognized in other income (expense). The measured fair value may be uncertain due to the use of unobservable inputs. At September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the fair value of the warrant liability was \$305,601 and \$480,281, respectively, and was included in the accrued expenses and other liabilities in the Company's condensed consolidated balance sheets. The changes in fair value during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, amounted to income of \$31,788 and \$174,680, respectively, included in other income in our condensed consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income (loss) and in changes in accrued expenses and other liabilities in our condensed consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income (loss) and in changes in accrued expenses and other liabilities in our condensed consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income (loss) and in changes in accrued expenses and other liabilities in our condensed consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income (loss) and in changes in accrued expenses and other liabilities in our condensed consolidated statements of cash flows.

Equity Line Purchase Agreement

On August 24, 2023, the Company entered into a common stock purchase agreement (the "Equity Line Purchase Agreement") and a registration rights agreement (the "Registration Rights Agreement") with an investor, pursuant to which the investor has committed to purchase up to \$5,000,000 in shares of the Company's Class A common stock, subject to certain limitations and conditions set forth in the Equity Line Purchase Agreement. The Company shall not issue or sell any shares of common stock under the Equity Line Purchase Agreement which, when aggregated with all other shares of common stock beneficially owned by the investor, would result in beneficial ownership of more than 9.99% of the Company's outstanding shares of common stock.

Under the terms of the Equity Line Purchase Agreement, the Company has the right, but not the obligation, to sell to the investor, shares of Class A common stock over the period commencing on the execution date of the Equity Line Purchase Agreement and ending on the earlier of (i) December 31, 2025, or (ii) the date on which the investor shall have purchased Securities pursuant to the Equity Line Purchase Agreement for an aggregate purchase price of the \$5,000,000, provided that a registration statement covering the resale of shares of Class A common stock that have been and may be issued under the Equity Line Purchase Agreement is declared effective by the SEC. As of September 30, 2024, the Company has not sold any Class A common stock under the Equity Line Purchase Agreement.

The registration statement covering the offer and sale of up 15,093,768 shares of Class A common stock was effective on October 10, 2023. The purchase price will be calculated as 92% of the volume weighted average prices of the Company's common stock during normal trading hours for five business days prior to the closing date with respect of a purchase notice.

Concurrently with the signing of the Equity Line Purchase Agreement, the Company issued the equity line warrant to purchase 367,647 shares of its Class A common stock to the investor as a commitment fee. The total fair value, at the date of issuance, of the equity line warrant of approximately \$105,411 was recorded as a liability and deferred offering cost and is included in other assets on our condensed consolidated balance sheets.

Equity Line Warrants

On August 24, 2023, the Company issued a warrant to an investor (the "Equity Line Warrant") for the purchase of 367,647 shares of Class A common stock in consideration of the investor's commitment to purchase Class A common stock. The fair value of the Equity Line Warrant is recorded as a warrant liability and is included in the accrued expenses and other liabilities in the Company's condensed consolidated balance sheets. The Equity Line Warrants may require partial cash settlement in the future, include various adjustment provisions, meet the definition of a derivative and are classified as a liability, as such the warrants are measured at fair value in accordance with ASC 815 – "Derivatives and Hedging".

The Investors warrants allow them to purchase the 367,647 shares of the Company's Class A common stock for an exercise price of \$1.50. The warrants can be exercised, subject to certain ownership limitations, in whole or in part during the exercise period commencing on August 24, 2023 and ending on the date that is five years thereafter.

The exercise price and the number of shares of the warrants are subject to adjustment for standard anti-dilution provisions, for subsequent common share issuance at a price lower than the then exercise price of the warrants and adjustments to the strike price of other equity-linked instruments to a lower price than the then exercise price of the warrants.

Due to their adjustment provision, the warrants are classified as a liability on the consolidated balance sheet. The fair value of the warrants has been estimated using a Monte-Carlo model as follows:

	December 31,	September 30, 2024		
Stock price	\$	1.21	\$.72
Exercise price	\$	1.50	\$	1.50
Contractual term (years)		4.65		3.9
Volatility		50.0%		60.0%
Risk-free rate		3.87%		3.58%

Expected volatility is the estimate of the expected volatility of the Company's Class A common stock, based on the Company's weekly trading history then reduced by 5% to 10%.

The warrant liability, which uses level 3 inputs, is to be measured at fair value at each reporting period and with the change in fair value being recognized in earnings. The measured fair value may be uncertain due to the use of unobservable inputs. At September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the fair value of the warrant liability was \$51,932 and \$103,767, respectively, and included in the accrued expenses and other liabilities in the Company's condensed consolidated balance sheets. The changes in fair value during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 amounted to income of \$22,021 and \$51,835, respectively, and is included in other income in our condensed consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income (loss) and in changes in accrued expenses and other liabilities in our condensed consolidated statements of cash flows. The changes in fair value during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 amounted to an income of \$29,065 and is included in other income in our condensed consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income (loss) and in changes in accrued expenses and other liabilities in our condensed consolidated statements of cash flows.

Restricted Stock Units ("RSUs")

RSUs granted to directors vest based on the directors' continued employment with us through each applicable vest date, which is generally over one year. If the vesting conditions are not met, unvested RSUs will be forfeited. The following table summarizes our RSU units activity with directors for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023.

		Weighted- Average
	Restricted Stock Units	Grant-Date Fair Values
Outstanding as of January 1, 2024	43,478	\$ 1.38
Granted	_	_
Vested	(32,608)	(1.38)
Forfeited or cancelled	_	_
Outstanding as of September 30, 2024	10,870	\$ 1.38
	Restricted Stock Units	Weighted- Average Grant-Date Fair Values
Outstanding as of January 1, 2023		\$ Average Grant-Date
Granted	Stock Units	\$ Average Grant-Date Fair Values
Granted Vested	Stock Units 24,000	\$ Average Grant-Date Fair Values
Granted	Stock Units 24,000	\$ Average Grant-Date Fair Values

The grant date fair value of RSUs granted to directors is based on the quoted market price of our common stock on the date of grant.

Our RSUs granted to employees vest upon the achievement of pre-determined performance-based milestones as well as service conditions ("PSUs"). The pre-determined performance-based milestones are based on specified percentages of the PSUs that would vest at each of the first five anniversaries of the IPO date if the Company's average annual growth rate ("AAGR") is calculated to be at a target percentage or above during the period between the Company's IPO Date and the annual revenue for each of the anniversary year. If these performance-based milestones are not met but service conditions are met, the PSUs will not vest, in which case any compensation expense the Company has recognized to date will be reversed. Generally, the total aggregate measurement period of our PSUs is 5 years, with awards cliff-vesting after each annual measurement period during the total aggregate measurement period.

Each quarter, the Company updates our assessment of the probability that the performance milestones will be achieved. The Company amortizes the fair values of PSUs over the requisite service period. Each performance-based milestone is weighted evenly and the number of shares that vest based on each performance-based milestone is independent from the other

The following table summarizes our PSU activity with employees, presented with the maximum number of shares that could potentially vest, for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023.

	Restricted Stock Units	Weighted- Average Grant-Date Fair Values
Outstanding as of January 1, 2024	1,165,247	\$ 5.00
Granted	_	_
Vested	_	_
Forfeited or cancelled	(20,746)	(5.00)
Outstanding as of September 30, 2024	1,144,501	\$ 5.00
		Weighted-
	Restricted Stock Units	Average Grant-Date Fair Values
Outstanding as of January 1, 2023		\$ Average Grant-Date
Granted	Stock Units	\$ Average Grant-Date Fair Values
Granted Vested	Stock Units 1,197,552 — —	\$ Average Grant-Date Fair Values 5.00 — —
Granted	Stock Units 1,197,552 —	\$ Average Grant-Date Fair Values

The grant date fair value of PSUs granted to employees is based on the quoted market price of our common stock on the date of grant.

Repurchase Activity

All share repurchases settled in the nine months ended September 30, 2023 were open market transactions. As of September 30, 2024, 1,350,275 shares of Class A common stock were repurchased pursuant to the Share Repurchase Program for an aggregate purchase price of approximately \$3.7 million. The average price paid per share was \$2.72 and approximately \$1.3 million aggregate amount of shares of Class A common stock remain available for repurchase under the Share Repurchase Program.

There were no share repurchases made during the nine months ended September 30, 2024. During the nine months ended September 30, 2023, 152,626 shares of Class A common stock were repurchased pursuant to the Share Repurchase Program for an aggregate purchase price of approximately \$0.3 million. The average price paid per share during the nine months ended September 30, 2023 was \$1.68.

Stock-Based Compensation Expense (Income)

During the nine months ended September 30, 2024, the Company determined that it is probable that the Company will not meet the performance-based milestones required by the RSU's granted to employees. Accordingly, the Company has reversed the previously recognized compensation expense related to RSU's. Stock-based compensation expense (income) resulting from RSUs and PSUs of (\$834,719) and \$589,532 are recorded under general and administrative expenses included in our condensed consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income (loss) for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. Stock-based compensation expense (income) resulting from PSUs of (\$62,174) and \$32,475 are recorded under research and development expenses included in our condensed consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income (loss) for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, the Company recorded stock-based compensation expense of \$13,966 and \$220,231 under general and administrative expenses, respectively. For the three months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, the Company recorded stock-based compensation expense of \$1,034 and \$16,411 under research and development expenses, respectively.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, the Company recognized approximately \$175,291 of deferred income tax expense, and \$131,185 of deferred income tax benefit, respectively, related to our stock-based compensation expense.

As of September 30, 2024, our total unrecognized compensation cost related to RSUs and PSUs was approximately \$1.8 million and is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average service period of 1.9 years.

NOTE 17 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

- In October, 2024, 33,333 and 142,855 of the *Equity Line and Convertible Note Warrants* were exercised, respectively.
- In October, 2024, the Company entered into a software development, publishing and distribution agreement for a new survival sandbox title. The intellectual property will be owned by the developer and the Company will have permanent exclusive publishing rights. The Company will pay to the developer a monthly royalty in addition to milestone payments in the amount of \$1.5 million during the development of the game that will be recoupable through the royalty share. The Company made the first milestone payment of \$0.5 million in October, 2024.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

The following discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with our condensed consolidated financial statements and the related notes included elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (the "Quarterly Report"). This discussion and analysis contains forward-looking statements that involve certain risks and uncertainties. Our actual results could differ materially from those discussed in these statements. Factors that could cause or contribute to these differences include those discussed below and elsewhere in this Quarterly Report, particularly under "Risk Factors," in Part II, Item 1A of this Quarterly Report and Part 1A of the Company's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023, and the "Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward-Looking Statements" section of this Quarterly Report.

Overview

Our mission is to provide high-quality entertainment experiences to audiences around the world. We are a leading, global independent developer and publisher of interactive digital entertainment for consumers around the world. We have built a premier portfolio of premium games designed for use on a variety of platforms, including consoles, PCs, and mobile devices. ARK: Survival Evolved has been a top-25 selling game on the Steam platform by gross revenue in each year we released an ARK DLC. Our expertise in technology, in-game ecosystems and monetization of online multiplayer games has enabled us to assemble a broad portfolio of intellectual property across multiple media formats and technology platforms. Our flagship franchise from which we generate the substantial majority of our revenues, ARK, is a leader within the sandbox survival genre with 93.7 million console and PC installs through September 30, 2024 and repeated releases within the top-25 selling games on the Steam platform. See below for discussion of key performance metrics and non-GAAP measures. In the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, ARK: Survival Evolved and ARK: Survival Ascended combined for an average total of 210,000 and 212,000 daily active users ("DAUs") on the Steam and Epic platforms, respectively, as compared to 231,000 and 249,000 in the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, respectively. We define "daily active users" as the number of unique users who play any given game on any given day. For the three months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, we generated 88.7% and 86.4%, respectively, of our revenues from the ARK franchise. For the nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, we generated 80.0% and 86.9%, respectively, of our revenues from the ARK franchise.

Our dedication to providing audiences with high-quality entertainment experiences utilizing the latest gaming technology has produced strong user engagement, continued revenue growth, and increased cash flows. Through September 30, 2024, our *ARK* franchise game has been played for 3.8 billion hours with an average playing time per user of 162 hours and with the top 21.2% of all players spending over 100 hours in the game, according to data from the Steam platform. For the three months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, our net revenue was \$22.5 million and \$9.0 million, respectively. For the nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, our net revenue was \$58.3 million and \$32.3 million, respectively. During the three months ended September 30, 2024, approximately 44.3% of our revenue came from consoles, 45.6% from PC and 10.1% from mobile and other platforms as compared to 43.5% from consoles, 41.4% from PC and 15.1% from mobile and other platforms during the three months ended September 30, 2024, approximately 41.7% of our revenue came from consoles, 46.7% from PC and 11.6% from mobile and other platforms as compared to 41.1% from consoles, 37.4% from PC and 21.4% from mobile and other platforms during the nine months ended September 30, 2024, approximately 41.7% of our revenue came from consoles, 46.7% from PC and 11.6% from mobile and other platforms as compared to 41.1% from PC and 11.6% from PC and 21.4% from mobile and other platforms during the nine months ended September 30, 2023. We had a net income of \$0.2 million and a net loss of \$4.4 million, for the three months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. For the nine months ended September 30, 2024 we had a net income of \$0.7 million, as compared to net loss of \$11.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023.

Key Factors Affecting Our Business

There are a number of factors that affect the performance of our business, and the comparability of our results from period to period, including:

Investments in our content strategy

We continuously evaluate and invest in content strategy to improve and innovate our games and features and to develop current technological platforms. We are currently actively investing in expanding our gaming pipeline as well as developing media and eSports content related to our gaming intellectual property. We also continue to invest to grow our micro-influencer platform, *NOIZ*, by attracting new influencers and brand customers. We have established a new division internally under the Interactive Films brand. This division will focus on creating content in the Vertical Short segment of the digital entertainment market.

Growth of user base

We have experienced significant growth in our number of downloads over the last several years. We have sold 48.7 million units between January 1, 2016 and September 30, 2024. During the three months ended September 30, 2024, we sold 1.1 million units compared to 1.2 million in the three months ended September 30, 2023. During the nine months ended September 30, 2024, we sold 3.5 million units compared to 3.9 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2023. Our video games provide highly engaging, differentiated entertainment experiences where the combination of challenge and progress drives player engagement, high average player times, and long-term franchise value. The success of our franchise hinges on our ability to keep our current players engaged while also growing our user base by innovating our platform and monetizing new offerings. The degree to which gamers are willing to engage with our platform is driven by our ability to create interactive and unique content that will enhance the game-play experience. We sell DLCs which are supplementary to our master games and expand the gaming universe to continuously evolve the game and retain players. Our master games are the base versions of a specific title, for example, ARK: Survival Evolved is our master game and ARK: Genesis is a DLC.

While we believe we have a significant opportunity to grow our installed base, we anticipate that our overall user growth rate will fluctuate over time as we continue to release new master games and companion DLCs. Download rates and user engagement may increase or decrease based on other factors such as growth in console, PC and mobile games, ability to release content, market effectively and distribute to users.

Investments in our technology platform

We are focused on innovation and technology leadership in order to maintain our competitive advantage. We spend a portion of our capital on our research and development platform to continuously improve our technological offerings and gaming platform. Our proprietary video game technology includes a versatile game engine, development pipeline tools, advanced rendering technology and advanced server and network operations. Continued investment in improving the technology behind our existing gaming platforms as well as developing new software tools for new product offerings is important to maintaining our strategic goals, developer and creator talent, and financial objectives. For us to continue providing cutting-edge technology to our users and bringing digital interactive entertainment to market, we must also continue to invest in developmental and creative resources. For our users, we regularly invest in user-friendly features and enhance user experience in our games and platforms. As our industry moves towards increased use of cloud gaming and gaming as a service technology, our ability to bring interactive technologies to market will be an increasingly important part of our business. To accompany our entry into the Vertical Shorts market, we are currently developing a distribution platform. Once launched, users will be able to access the content on demand.

Ability to release content, market effectively through cross media and expand the gaming group

Establishing and maintaining a loyal network of players for our premium games is vital for our business and drives revenue growth. To grow and maintain our player base, we invest in developing new games to attract and engage players, and in providing existing audiences with proven content in the form of new DLCs. In the near-term, we may increase spending on original content creation with new studios, and on sales and marketing as a percentage of revenue to grow our player network. The scale of our player base is determined by a number of factors, including our ability to strengthen player engagement by producing content that players play regularly and our effectiveness in attracting new players, both of which may in turn affect our financial performance.

Strategic relationship with developers, Studio Wildcard & Suzhou Snail

We have grown and expect to continue to grow our business by collaborating with game studios that we believe can benefit from our team's decades of experience developing successful games. We have strategic relationships with many developer studios that create original content for us. The relationships allow for valuable knowledge sharing between Suzhou Snail, a related party, and the developer studios. We enjoy a long-term relationship with Studio Wildcard, a related party, which develops our ARK franchise. We have an exclusive license with Studio Wildcard for rights to ARK, and we work with them and our other studio developer partners to provide ongoing support across numerous aspects of game development. Our financial results may be affected by our relationship with game studios, including Studio Wildcard, and our ability to create self-developed titles.

Relationship with third party distribution platforms

We derive nearly all of our revenue from third-party distribution platforms, these include but are not limited to, Xbox Live and Game Pass, PlayStation Network, Steam, Epic Games Store, the Apple App Store, the Google Play Store, My Nintendo Store and the Amazon Appstore. These digital distribution platforms have policies that may impact our reachability to our potential audience, including the discretion to amend their terms of service, which could affect our current operations and our financial performance. As we expand to new markets, we anticipate similar relationships with additional distribution partners that could similarly impact our performance.

Seasonality

We experience fluctuations in quarterly and annual operating results as a result of the timing of the introduction of new titles, variations in sales of titles developed for particular platforms, market acceptance of our titles, development and promotional activities relating to the introduction of new titles, releases of expansion packs and DLCs, and to coincide with the global holiday season in the fourth and first quarters of each year. Seasonality in our revenue also tends to coincide with promotional cycles on platforms, typically on a quarterly basis.

Recent Developments

On June 27, 2024, we received a deficiency letter from the Listing Qualifications Department (the "Staff") of the Nasdaq Stock Market ("Nasdaq") notifying us that, for the last thirty (30) consecutive business days (From May 10, 2024 to June 26, 2024), the bid price for our Class A common stock had closed below the minimum \$1.00 per share requirement for continued inclusion on the Nasdaq Capital Market pursuant to Nasdaq Listing Rule 5550(a)(2) (the "Bid Price Rule"). In accordance with Nasdaq rules, we were provided an initial period of 180 calendar days, or until December 24, 2024 (the "Compliance Date"), to regain compliance with the Bid Price Rule. If, at any time before the Compliance Date, the bid price for the Class A common stock closed at \$1.00 or more for a minimum of ten (10) consecutive business days, the Staff would provide written notification to the Company that it complied with the Bid Price Rule and the matter will be closed.

On October 18, 2024, we received a letter from the Staff notifying the Company that our Class A common stock had closed above \$1.00 for 10 consecutive business days, from October 4, 2024, to October 17, 2024. Accordingly, the Company has regained compliance with the Bid Price Rule (Listing Rule 5550(a)(2)) and this matter is now closed.

Key Performance Metrics

Units Sold

We monitor Units Sold as a key performance metric in evaluating the performance of our console and PC game business. We define Units Sold as the number of game titles purchased through digital channels by an individual end user. Under this metric, the purchase of a standalone game, DLC, Season Pass or bundle on a specific platform are individually counted as a unit. For example, an individual who purchases a standalone game and DLC on one platform, a Season Pass on another platform, and a bundle on a third platform would count as four Units Sold. Similarly, an individual who purchases three standalone game titles on the same platform would count as three Units Sold.

Units Sold may be impacted by several factors that could cause fluctuations on a quarterly basis, such as game releases, our promotional activities, which most often coincide with the global holiday season in the fourth and first quarters of each year, promotional sales on digital platforms, console release cycles and new digital platforms. Future growth in Units Sold will depend on our ability to launch new games and features and the effectiveness of marketing strategies.

	Three months ended September 30,				Ni	ne months end	led September :	30,	
	2024	2023	Change	% Change	2024	2023	Change	% Change	
		(in millions)							
Units Sold ⁽¹⁾	1.1	1.2	(0.1)	(13.8)%	3.5	3.9	(0.4)	(11.1)%	

(1) Units include master games, DLCs, season pass and bundles and excludes skins, soundtracks and other items.

Units sold decreased during the three months ended September 30, 2024, as compared to the three months ended September 30, 2023, by 0.1 million units, or 13.8%. The Company's units sold decreased due to a decrease in in sales of ARK: Survival Evolved of 0.6 million units, offset by an increase in sales of ARK: Survival Ascended of 0.4 million units and 0.1 million units from sales of Bellwright during the three months ended September 30, 2024. Units sold decreased during the nine months ended September 30, 2024, as compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2023, by 0.4 million units, or 11.1%. Units sold of ARK: Survival Evolved decreased by 2.0 million units, partially offset by an increase in ARK: Survival Ascended units sold of 1.3 million and an increase in Bellwright sales of 0.3 million units.

Bookings

Bookings is a key operating metric in assessing our financial performance. Bookings adjusts for the impact of deferrals and, we believe, provides a useful indicator of sales in a given period. It reflects the net amount of products and services sold digitally or physically in a given period, excluding the impact of revenue deferrals. Bookings is used by management to understand sales trends and assess the volume of our sales activity over time. Bookings should not be considered as alternatives to net income (loss), as measures of financial performance or any other performance measure derived in accordance with GAAP. Below is a reconciliation of total net revenue to Bookings, the closest GAAP financial measure.

	Three months ended September 30,							Nine months ended September 30,					0,
	 %										%		
	2024	2	023	\$ C	Change	Change	2	2024	2	2023	\$ C	hange	Change
						(in milli	ons)						
Total net revenue	\$ 22.5	\$	9.0	\$	13.5	150.9%	\$	58.3	\$	32.3	\$	26.0	80.2%
Change in deferred net revenue	(6.4)		1.5		(7.9)	(516.3)%		0.4		0.8		(0.4)	(53.3)%
Bookings	\$ 16.1	\$	10.5	\$	5.6	53.6%	\$	58.7	\$	33.1	\$	25.6	77.1%

For the three months ended September 30, 2024, bookings increased by \$5.6 million, or 53.6%, compared to the three months ended September 30, 2023, because of the release of ARK: Survival Ascended in the fourth quarter of 2023, and the releases of Bobs Tall Tales and Bellwright in the first half of 2024, along with the ARK: Survival Ascended DLC Aberration in September 2024. In addition to increased sales of the aforementioned titles, bookings decreased because the Company recognized deferred revenues of approximately \$8.2 million during the three months ended September 30, 2024 for the release of Aberration and part II of Bobs Tall Tales; partially offset by the deferral of \$2.6 million in revenues for sales of ARK: Survival Ascended DLC's and the remaining part of Bobs Tall Tales which have not yet launched. During the three months ended September 30, 2023 the Company deferred \$1.8 million in prepaid royalties for ARK: Survival Ascended and ARK II.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2024, bookings increased by \$25.6 million, or 77.1%, compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2023, because of the release of ARK: Survival Ascended in the fourth quarter of 2023, and the release of Bobs Tall Tales and Bellwright along with the ARK: Survival Ascended DLCs, Scorched Earth in April 2024 and Aberration in September 2024. In addition to increased sales of the aforementioned titles, additionally, the Company deferred \$15.3 million in revenues during the nine months ended September 30, 2024 for the ARK: Survival Ascended DLC's and parts of Bobs Tall Tales which have not yet released, partially offset by the recognition of \$14.4 million from deferred revenue upon the release of Scorched Earth, Aberration and the first two parts of Bobs Tall Tales.

Non-GAAP Measures

In addition to our financial results determined in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("U.S. GAAP" or "GAAP"), we believe EBITDA, as a non-GAAP measure, is useful in evaluating our operating performance. EBITDA, as used in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, is a non-GAAP financial measure that is presented as supplemental disclosures and should not be construed as an alternative to net income (loss) or any other GAAP measure as an indicator of operating performance.

We present EBITDA because it is used by management to assess our financial performance, excluding certain expenses that management believes do not reflect the ongoing operating performance of the business. Management uses EBITDA to supplement GAAP measures of performance when evaluating our business strategies, making budgeting decisions and comparing performance against peer companies.

ERITDA

We define EBITDA as net income (loss) before (i) interest income, (ii) interest expense, (iii) (benefit from) provision for income taxes, and (iv) depreciation and amortization expense, property and equipment.

EBITDA as calculated herein may not be comparable to similarly titled measures reported by other companies within the industry and is not determined in accordance with GAAP. Our presentation of EBITDA should not be construed as an inference that our future results will be unaffected by unusual or unexpected items. We may also incur expenses that are the same, or similar to, some of the adjustments in this presentation.

Below is a reconciliation of net income (loss) to EBITDA, the closest GAAP financial measure.

	Three months ended September 30,						Nine months ended September 3),		
							%							%
	2	024	2	2023	\$ C	hange	Change	2	2024		2023	\$ (Change	Change
							(in milli	ons)						
Net income (loss)	\$	0.2	\$	(4.4)	\$	4.6	105.3%	\$	0.7	\$	(11.5)	\$	12.2	106.2%
Interest income and interest income - related														
parties		(0.1)		-		(0.1)	28.4%		(0.2)		(0.1)		(0.1)	126.9%
Interest expense and interest expense – related														
parties		0.1		0.4		(0.3)	(74.1)%		0.6		1.0		(0.4)	(34.0)%
Provision for (benefit from) income taxes		0.2		(1.2)		1.4	(113.7)%		0.3		(3.0)		3.3	(108.9)%
Depreciation and amortization expense, property														
and equipment		0.1		0.1		-	(35.9)%		0.2		0.3		(0.1)	(32.0)%
EBITDA	\$	0.5	\$	(5.1)	\$	5.6	109.7%	\$	1.6	\$	(13.3)	\$	14.9	112.2%

For the three months ended September 30, 2024, EBITDA increased by \$5.6 million, or 109.7%, compared to the three months ended September 30, 2023, primarily because of an increase in net income of \$4.6 million and a decrease in the benefit from income taxes of \$1.4 million, partially offset by a decrease in interest expense and interest expense – related parties of \$0.3 million.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2024, EBITDA increased by \$14.9 million, or 112.2%, compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2023, primarily because of an increase in net income of \$12.2 million and a decrease in the benefit from income taxes of \$3.3 million, partially offset by a decrease in interest expense and interest expense – related parties of \$0.4 million.

Components of Results of Operations

Revenues

We primarily derive revenue from the sale of our games through various gaming platforms. Through these platforms, users can download our games and, for certain games, purchase virtual items to enhance their game-playing experience. We offer certain software products through third-party digital storefronts, such as Xbox Live and Game Pass, PlayStation Network, Steam, Epic Games Store, the Apple App Store, the Google Play Store, My Nintendo Store and the Amazon Appstore, and certain retail distributors. For sales arrangements through Xbox Live and Game Pass, PlayStation Network, Steam, Epic Game Stores, My Nintendo Store and retail distributors, the digital platforms and distributors have discretion in establishing the price for the specified good or service, and we have determined we are the agent in the sales transaction to the end user and therefore report revenue on a net basis based on the consideration received from the digital storefront. For sales arrangements through the Apple App Store and the Google Play Store, we have discretion in establishing the price for the specified good or service and have determined that we are the principal to the end user and therefore report revenue on a gross basis. Mobile platform fees charged by these digital storefronts are expensed as incurred and reported within cost of revenue as merchant fees.

We record deferred revenue when payments are due or received in advance of the fulfillment of our associated performance obligations.

Our net revenues through our current period top four platform providers as a proportion of our total net revenue for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023 were as follows:

		Three months ended September 30,						Nine months ended September 30					0,	
							%							%
	2	024	2	2023	\$ C	Change	Change	2	2024	2	2023	\$ C	hange	Change
		(in millions)												
Platform 1	\$	10.6	\$	3.6	\$	7.0	197.1%	\$	27.3	\$	11.5	\$	15.8	136.2%
Platform 2		3.3		1.8		1.5	84.5%		8.3		5.4		2.9	54.3%
Platform 3		5.6		1.4		4.2	312.2%		14.0		5.3		8.7	165.2%
Platform 4		0.9		0.7		0.2	26.1%		1.9		2.6		(0.7)	(28.1)%
All Other Revenue		2.1		1.5		0.6	36.6%		6.8		7.5		(0.7)	(-9.4)%
Total	\$	22.5	\$	9.0	\$	13.5	150.9%	\$	58.3	\$	32.3	\$	26.0	80.2%

We expect changes in revenue to correlate with trends in the use and purchase of our games. The increase in net revenues of Platforms 1, 2 and 3 during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 from 2023 was due to increased sales from the release of ARK: Survival Ascended, Scorched Earth, Aberration, Bobs Tall Tales, Bellwright and Myth of Empires. The decrease in net revenues of Platform 4 during the nine months ended September 30, 2024 from 2023 was due to ARK: Survival Ascended not yet being launched on Platform 4 as of September 30, 2024. The increase in net revenues of Platform 4 during the three months ended September 30, 2024 from 2023 was due to the release of an ARK: Survival Evolved DLC on the platform.

Cost of revenues

Cost of revenues includes license royalty fees, merchant fees, engine fees, server and database cost centers, game licenses and license right amortization. For a description of our licensing arrangements, please see Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies to our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements included in this Quarterly Report. We generally expect cost of revenues to fluctuate proportionately with revenues.

General and administrative

General and administrative expenses include rent expense, salaries, stock-based compensation, legal and professional expenses, administrative internet and server expenses, contract costs, insurance expenses, license and permits, other taxes and travel expenses. We expect salaries and wages to increase in a manner that is proportional with the added expenses and expertise of operating as a public company. We also expect salaries and wages to increase as we increase headcount as we expand our product offerings. Stock-based compensation will be recorded within research and development and general and administrative expense. We also record legal settlement expenses as components of general and administrative expenses. We expect general and administrative expenses will increase in absolute dollars due to the additional administrative and regulatory burden of becoming and operating as a public company.

Research and development

Research and development consists primarily of consulting expenses and salaries and wages devoted towards the development of new games and related technologies and development costs outsourced through Suzhou Snail. We do not fund or enter into arrangements relating to the research and development activities from third-party developers from whom we license games. We expect our research and development to increase as we develop new content, games or technologies.

Advertising and marketing

Advertising and marketing consists of costs related to advertising and user acquisition efforts, including payments to third-party marketing agencies. We occasionally offer our early access trial, through which we sell our games that are in development and testing. The early access trial allows us to both monetize and receive feedback on how to improve our games over time. We plan to continue to invest in advertising and marketing to retain and acquire players. However, sales and marketing expenses may fluctuate as a percentage of revenues depending on the timing and efficiency of our marketing efforts.

Provision for (benefit from) income taxes

The benefit from income taxes consists of current income taxes in the various jurisdictions where we are subject to taxation, primarily the United States, as well as deferred income taxes reflecting the net tax effects of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in each of these jurisdictions for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for income tax purposes. Under current U.S. tax law, the federal statutory tax rate applicable to corporations is 21%. Our effective tax rate of 28% differed from the federal statutory rate of 21% due to permanent differences, foreign withholding taxes and state taxes.

Results of Operations

Comparison of the three months ended September 30, 2024 versus the three months ended September 30, 2023

Three	mo	nths	ended
-		_	

		Septem	ber 30,				
		2024		2023		hange	% Change
	·			(in mil	llions)	_	
Revenues, net	\$	22.5	\$	9.0	\$	13.5	150.9%
Cost of revenues		13.8		9.5		4.3	46.1%
Gross profit (loss)		8.7		(0.5)	_	9.2	1,906.5%
Operating expenses:				,			
General and administrative		3.8		3.5		0.3	11.4%
Research and development		3.9		1.3		2.6	195.0%
Advertising and marketing		0.5		0.2		0.3	130.2%
Depreciation and amortization		0.1		0.1		-	(35.9)%
Total operating expenses		8.3		5.1		3.2	62.8%
Income (loss) from operations	\$	0.4	\$	(5.6)	\$	6.0	107.3%
		25					

Revenues

Net revenues for the three months ended September 30, 2024 increased by \$13.5 million, or 150.9%, compared to the three months ended September 30, 2023. The increase in net revenues was due to an increase in total Ark sales of \$5.9 million, an increase in sales of the *Bellwright* of \$1.0 million, recognition of \$8.2 million in revenue from the release of *Aberration* and part II of *Bobs Tall Tales*, \$1.2 million recognized for meeting the performance obligation of releasing *Genesis II* and *Myth of Empires* on certain platforms, partially offset by a decrease in Ark Mobile sales of \$0.3 million and an increase in deferred revenues of \$2.6 million related to sales of *ARK: Survival Ascended* and *Bobs Tall Tales* DLC's which have not yet been released.

Cost of revenues

Cost of revenues for the three months ended September 30, 2024 increased by \$4.3 million, or 46.1%, compared to the three months ended September 30, 2023.

Cost of revenues for the three months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023 comprised the following:

Three	moi	nths	end	ec
		_		

2024 2023 \$ Change	% Change
(in millions)	
Software license royalties - related parties \$ 5.3 \$ 2.1 \$ 3.2	152.5%
Software license royalties 0.3 0.4 (0.1)	(27.8)%
License and amortization - related parties 6.0 4.7 1.3	27.8%
Merchant fees 0.2 0.2 -	4.6%
Engine fees 0.9 0.3 0.6	191.8%
Internet, server and data center 1.1 1.8 (0.7)	(37.8)%
Total: \$ 13.8 \$ 9.5 \$ 4.3	46.1%

The increase in cost of revenues for the three months ended September 30, 2024 was due to an increase of \$3.2 million in software license royalties – related parties, a result of increased *ARK* sales, an increase of \$1.3 million in license and amortization – related parties due to the increased license fee paid to SDE partially offset by a lower depreciable base of intangible assets in 2024, an increase in engine fees of \$0.6 million, partially offset by decreased internet, server and data center fees of \$0.7 million and a decrease in software license royalties of \$0.1 million.

General and administrative expenses

General and administrative expenses for the three months ended September 30, 2024 increased by \$0.3 million, or 11.4%, compared to the three months ended September 30, 2023. The increase in general and administrative expenses was due to an increase in legal and professional expenses of \$0.1 million, an increase in office related expenses of \$0.1 million, an increase in travel expenses of \$0.1 million, an increase in non-income related taxes of \$0.2 million, partially offset by reduced salaries and wages of \$0.1 million due to reduced stock-based compensation expenses.

Research and development expenses

Research and development expenses for the three months ended September 30, 2024 increased by \$2.6 million, or 195.0%, compared to the three months ended September 30, 2023. The increase in research and development expenses was due to the outsourced development of *Hermes* and *Project Aether* paid through Suzhou Snail and an increase in internal research and development salaries as the Company continues to expand its in house development team.

Advertising and marketing expenses

Advertising and marketing expenses for the three months ended September 30, 2024 increased by \$0.3 million, or 130.2%, compared to the three months ended September 30, 2023. The increase in advertising and marketing expenses was due to increased advertising campaigns for ARK: Survival Ascended, its DLC release Aberration, add-on content Bobs Tall Tales, and Bellwright.

Other Factors Affecting Net Income (Loss)

Three months ended

	 September	30,			
	2024	2023	\$ Cha	ange	% Change
		(in ı	millions)		·
Interest income	\$ 0.1 \$	-	\$	0.1	28.7%
Interest expense	(0.1)	(0.4))	0.3	74.1%
Other income	0.1	0.3		(0.2)	(76.1)%
Income tax (provision) benefit	(0.2)	1.2		(1.0)	(86.3)%

Interest income

Interest income was \$0.1 million and \$0.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. The increase was due to the balance of our cash deposits being higher on average during the three months ended September 30, 2024.

Interest expense

Interest expense primarily related to our outstanding indebtedness with third-party lenders. Interest expense decreased by \$0.3 million for the three months ended September 30, 2024 because of lower average debt during the three months ended September 30, 2024.

Other income

Other income decreased by \$0.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2024, in comparison to the three months ended September 30, 2023. The decrease is due to the recognition of \$0.3 million in litigation income in the three months ended September 30, 2023.

Provision for (benefit from) income taxes

The Company had an income tax provision of \$0.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2024 and a benefit of \$1.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2023. Our effective income tax rate was 40% during the three months ended September 30, 2024 and 21% during the three months ended September 30, 2023.

Comparison of the nine months ended September 30, 2024 versus the nine months ended September 30, 2023

Nine months ended

		Septem	ber 30,				
	20	024		2023	\$ C	hange	% Change
				(in mi	llions)		
Revenues, net	\$	58.3	\$	32.3	\$	26.0	80.2%
Cost of revenues		39.4		29.7		9.7	32.7%
Gross profit		18.9		2.6		16.3	606.7%
Operating expenses:		,					
General and administrative		9.0		11.9		(2.9)	(25.1)%
Research and development		7.5		3.9		3.6	93.3%
Advertising and marketing		1.3		0.5		0.8	172.6%
Depreciation and amortization		0.2		0.3		(0.1)	(32.0)%
Total operating expenses		18.0		16.6		1.4	8.2%
Income (loss) from operations	\$	0.9	\$	(14.0)	\$	14.9	106.2%

Revenues

Net revenues for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 increased by \$26.0 million, or 80.2%, compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2023. The increase in net revenues was due to an increase in total Ark sales of \$21.0 million, an increase due to the recognition of \$1.2 million payment related to the Angela Games settlement and recognized upon satisfaction of performance obligations included in the contract, an increase in sales *Bellwright* of \$4.9 million, an increase in sales of the Company's other games of \$0.5 million, partially offset by a decrease in Ark Mobile sales of \$1.2 million and an increase in deferred revenues of \$0.4 million related to the Ark franchise.

Cost of revenues

Cost of revenues for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 increased by \$9.7 million, or 32.7%, compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2023.

Cost of revenues for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023 comprised the following:

Nine	months	ended
Sa	ntombor	. 20

	Septem	ber 3	0,			
	2024		2023		\$ Change	% Change
			(in mi	llions)		
Software license royalties - related parties	\$ 13.3	\$	6.9	\$	6.4	92.7%
Software license royalties	0.5		1.0		(0.5)	(49.4)%
License and amortization - related parties	18.0		14.8		3.2	22.0%
Merchant fees	0.7		1.0		(0.3)	(34.9)%
Engine fees	3.2		1.0		2.2	212.6%
Internet, server and data center	3.7		5.0		(1.3)	(24.2)%
Total:	\$ 39.4	\$	29.7	\$	9.7	32.7%

The increase in cost of revenues for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 was due to an increase of \$6.4 million in software license royalties – related parties, a result of increased *ARK* sales, an increase of \$3.2 million in license and amortization – related parties due to the increased license fee paid to SDE partially offset by a lower depreciable base of intangible assets in 2024, an increase in engine fees of \$2.2 million, partially offset by decreased internet, server and data center fees of \$1.3 million, a decrease in merchant fees of \$0.3 million and a decrease in software license royalties of \$0.5 million.

General and administrative expenses

General and administrative expenses for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 decreased by \$2.9 million, or 25.1%, compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2023. The decrease in general and administrative expenses was due to a decrease in legal and professional expenses of \$1.2 million, a decrease in administrative internet and server costs of \$0.3 million, a decrease in salaries and wages of \$1.4 million due to the reversal of previously expensed stock based compensation, and a decrease in expenses of \$0.4 million for SEC filing fees, investor relations, NASDAQ listing fees and compliance expenses; partially offset by an increase in non-income related taxes of \$0.3 million.

Research and development expenses

Research and development expenses for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 increased by \$3.6 million, or 93.3%, compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2023. The increase in research and development expenses was due to the outsourced development of *Hermes* and *Aether* paid through Suzhou Snail and increased internal research and development salaries as we continue to build our internal development team.

Advertising and marketing expenses

Advertising and marketing expenses for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 increased by \$0.8 million, or 172.6%, compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2023. The increase in advertising and marketing expenses was due to increased advertising campaigns for the launch of ARK: Survival Ascended, its DLC releases Scorched Earth and Aberration, add-on content Bobs Tall Tales, and Bellwright.

Other Factors Affecting Net Income (Loss)

Nine months ended

	 Septem	ber 30,	·			
	 2024		2023		\$ Change	% Change
			(in mil	lions)		
Interest income	\$ 0.2	\$	-	\$	0.2	128.9%
Interest expense	(0.6)		(1.0)		0.4	(34.0)%
Other income	0.5		0.3		0.2	70.1%
Income tax (provision) benefit	(0.3)		3.0		(3.3)	(91.1)%

Interest income

Interest income was \$0.2 million and \$0.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. The increase was due to the balance of the of our cash deposits being higher on average during the nine months ended September 30, 2024.

Interest expense

Interest expense primarily related to our outstanding indebtedness with third-party lenders. Interest expense decreased by \$0.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 because of the Company having a lower average debt balance during the nine months ended September 30, 2024.

Other income

Other income increased by \$0.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2024, in comparison to the nine months ended September 30, 2023. The increase is due to the recognition of litigation revenues due to a revenue share agreement that was the result of the litigation settlement and revaluation of the Company's outstanding warrant liabilities.

Provision for (benefit from) income taxes

The Company had an income tax provision of \$0.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 and a benefit of (\$3.0) million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023. Our effective income tax rate was 28% and 21% during the nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Capital spending

We incur capital expenditures in the normal course of business and perform ongoing enhancements and updates to our social and mobile games to maintain their quality standards. Cash used for capital expenditures in the normal course of business is typically made available from cash flows generated by operating activities. We may also pursue acquisition opportunities for additional businesses or games that meet our strategic and return on investment criteria. Capital needs for investment opportunities are evaluated on an individual opportunity basis and may require significant capital commitments.

Liquidity

Our primary sources of liquidity are the cash flows generated from our operations, that are currently available as unrestricted cash. Our unrestricted cash was \$10.6 million and \$15.2 million as of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively.

Our restricted cash and cash equivalents were \$1.1 million as of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023. Our restricted cash primarily consists of time deposits and is used as security for certain of our debt instruments and to secure standby letters of credit with certain of our landlords.

As of September 30, 2024, our 2021 Revolving Loan has a balance of \$3.0 million and is due in December 2024. The Company has repaid its Convertible Notes balance of \$1.1 million, its \$1.5 million financing arrangement, and the remaining \$0.8 million of its short term notes balance during the nine months ended September 30, 2024. In concurrence with the registration of the convertible notes shares the Company registered shares for distribution in an equity line of credit. The Company has the right, but not the obligation, to sell up to \$5.0 million in Class A common stock to the investor. We intend to renegotiate with the lender to extend the maturity date of the 2021 Revolving Loan and to negotiate a new Short Term Note. However, there is no guarantee that we will be able to renegotiate the terms of the 2021 Revolving Loan or obtain a new short term note with the lender at terms acceptable to us or at all. The Company was in compliance with its debt covenants related to the 2021 Revolving Note and 2021 Promissory note for the trailing twelve months ended September 30, 2024, however it is probable that the Company will fail the covenants within the next 12 months. There is no guarantee that the Company will receive a waiver from the lender if the covenants of the loans are breached in the future. In the event of a future breach of the debt covenants the lender has the right, but not the obligation, to declare all or any part of the debt as due immediately and cease making any advances or extend any further credit to the Company.

The Company has raised capital through the issuance of the convertible notes, equity line of credit, a short term financing arrangement with the Company's internet and data center ("IDC") vendor, and the distribution agreement entered into with our retail partner which provided advanced royalties. We may need to raise additional capital and issue registered shares to draw on an equity line of credit if needed. The need for additional capital depends on many factors, including, among other things, whether we can successfully renegotiate the terms of our debt arrangements, the rate at which our business grows, demands for working capital, revenue generated from existing DLCs and game titles and launches of new DLCs and new game titles, and any acquisitions that we may pursue. From time to time, we could be required, or may otherwise attempt, to seek additional sources of capital, including, but not limited to, equity and/or debt financings. We cannot provide assurance that we will be able to successfully access any such equity or debt financings, that the required equity or debt financings would be available on terms acceptable to us, if at all, or that any such financings would not be dilutive to our stockholders.

Our current unrestricted cash position of approximately \$10.6 million, and our expected revenue receipts will allow the Company to continue operations beyond the next 12 months and service its current debts.

Cash flows

The following tables present a summary of our cash flows for the periods indicated:

	Nine months ended September 30,						
		2024		2023		\$ Change	% Change
				(in mil	lions)		
Net cash flows provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	2.0	\$	(10.8)	\$	12.8	118.8%
Net cash flows used in financing activities		(6.7)		(2.4)		(4.3)	(178.5)%
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash and							
cash equivalents	\$	(4.7)	\$	(13.2)	\$	8.5	64.7%

Operating activities

Net cash flows provided by (used in) operating activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 increased \$12.8 million as compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2023, which resulted primarily from an increase in net income of \$12.2 million, a decrease in accounts receivable and accounts receivable - related party of \$17.4 million, a decrease in prepaids expenses and prepaid expenses - related party of \$1.5 million, partially offset by a decrease in accounts payable and accounts payable - related parties of \$15.9 million, a decrease in accounts payable and accounts payable and accounts payable and accounts payable - related parties of \$15.9 million, a decrease in accounts payable and accounts payab

The Company had a net income of \$0.7 million, and a net loss of \$11.5 million, for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively, representing an increase of \$12.2 million. The increase was primarily due to an increase in net revenue of \$26.0 million, decreased general and administrative expenses of \$2.9 million, partially offset by increased research and development costs of \$3.6 million, increased costs of revenues of \$9.7 million, and an increase in advertising and marketing expenses of \$0.8 million, and a decrease in income tax benefit of \$3.3 million.

Non-cash reconciling items were (\$0.4) million and (\$0.7) million for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively, representing a decrease of \$0.3 million. The decrease in the non-cash reconciling items was due to a decrease in amortization of intangible assets of \$1.3 million, a decrease in stock based compensation expense of \$1.5 million, partially offset by an increase in deferred taxes of \$3.0 million, and an increase in accretion expense of \$0.2 million.

Our accounts receivable - related party represent revenues attributable to certain mobile games that, for administrative reasons, were collected on our behalf by SDE Inc. ("SDE"), an affiliated entity, from fiscal year 2018 through 2021. SDE no longer collects such payments on our behalf; all such payments are received directly from the platforms through which we offer the relevant games. As of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the net outstanding balances of receivables due from SDE were \$9.0 million and \$13.5 million, respectively. We expect accounts receivables owed to us by SDE will be repaid within the next two fiscal years and intend to exercise all legally available means of collection. The Company and SDE have entered into an agreement to offset uncollected amounts against monthly payments due to SDE for operating expenses and costs of revenue. See Note 5-Accounts Receivable - Related Party to our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements included in this Quarterly Report.

Financing activities

Net cash flows used in financing activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 were \$6.7 million compared to \$2.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023. Financing activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 included \$6.4 million in debt payments and \$0.3 million in payments of capitalized offering costs in accounts payable. Financing activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 included debt repayments of \$6.8 million, the purchases of treasury stock in the amount of \$0.3 million, and \$0.3 million in payments of capitalized offering costs partially offset by \$2.3 million in borrowings on notes payable, \$0.9 million for the issuance of convertible notes and \$1.9 million received for refund of a dividend withholding tax overpayment.

Registered Offering

In September 2022, we filed a Form S-1 Registration Statement with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission in connection with our IPO. As of the effective date of the Registration Statement, we became the parent company of Snail Games USA and a holding company, with our principal asset consisting of all the shares of common stock of Snail Games USA

In the IPO, we issued 3,000,000 shares of our Class A common stock and net proceeds from the issuance were distributed to Snail Games USA in November 2022 in the amount of \$12.0 million. In connection with the IPO, \$1.0 million of the net proceeds were remitted to an escrow account which was held to provide a source of funding for our indemnification obligations to the underwriters. The amount in escrow was released to the Company's unrestricted cash and cash equivalents in November 2023.

In October 2023, we filed a Form S-1 Registration Statement with the SEC in connection with our issuance of convertible note, equity line of credit and warrants related to each financing as noted below.

Capital resources

We fund our operations from our net cash flows provided by operating activities. In addition to these cash flows, we have entered into certain debt arrangements to provide additional liquidity and to finance our operations.

Revolving Loan

In December 2018, we entered into a revolving loan and security agreement with a financial institution for a revolving note in the amount of \$5.5 million. On June 17, 2021, we amended and restated our revolving loan and security agreement (the "2021 Revolving Loan") to increase our revolving line of credit to \$9.0 million. As amended, the 2021 Revolving Loan matured on December 31, 2023 and bore interest at a rate equal to the prime rate less 0.25%. Interest is due and payable under the 2021 Revolving Loan on a monthly basis. The Company amended the revolving loan agreement in December 2023, to extend the 2021 Revolving Loan maturity date to December 31, 2024. As of September 30, 2024, we had borrowings of \$3.0 million outstanding under our 2021 Revolving Loan. We intend to extend the 2021 Revolving Loan prior to its maturity date in December 2024. There is no guarantee that we will be able to extend the 2021 Revolving Loan on terms acceptable to us in the future, or at all.

Term Loan

In June 2021, we entered into a loan agreement with a financial institution providing for a term loan in an aggregate principal amount of \$3.0 million (the "Term Loan"). The Term Loan, which was originally set to mature in June 2031, bears interest at a fixed rate of 3.5% for the first five years and then at a floating rate of the Wall Street Journal prime rate until maturity. The Term Loan is secured by our principal headquarters.

2022 Short Term Note

In January 2022, we amended and restated our 2021 Revolving Loan and we executed a promissory note to obtain an additional long-term loan with a principal balance of \$10.0 million which was set to mature on January 26, 2023 (the "2022 Short Term Note"). In November 2022, the maturity date was extended to January 26, 2024. Interest was equal to the higher of 3.75% and the Wall Street Journal prime rate plus 0.50%. The 2022 Short Term Note is secured and collateralized by our existing assets. The Company completed the last payment obligation on the 2022 Short Term Note during the nine months ended September 30, 2024.

Convertible Notes

On August 24, 2023, the Company issued convertible notes at a 7.4% discount and a principal balance of \$1,080,000. The notes had an interest rate of 7.5%, were paid in consecutive monthly installments beginning February 24, 2024 and matured on May 24, 2024. In connection with the Convertible Notes the Company issued to the investors warrants to purchase an aggregate of 714,285 shares that were accounted for under the fair value method and allocated a value of \$445,754. The difference of \$525,754 between the proceeds allocated to the Convertible Notes and the aggregate principal amount were accreted over the life of the notes and accounted for the fair value of the warrants and the stated discount. Additionally, \$152,500 of transaction costs incurred by the Company were recorded as a debt discount. The discount was amortized using the effective interest rate is based on the principal balance discounted by stated interest, debt issuance costs and fair value allocated to the related warrants. As of September 30, 2024, the Convertible Notes have been repaid. The Company has registered shares for potential issuance on exercise of the warrants, or conversion of the note, on Form S-1 that was declared effective on October 30, 2023. As of September 30, 2024, the note holders have not exercised the warrants. During the nine months ended September 30, 2024, prior to repayment, the noteholders exercised the option to convert \$60,000 in principal of the notes to 71,460 shares of the Company's Class A common stock.

Equity Line Purchase Agreement

On August 24, 2023, the Company entered into a common stock purchase agreement (the "Equity Line Purchase Agreement") and a registration rights agreement (the "Registration Rights Agreement") with an investor, pursuant to which the investor has committed to purchase up to \$5,000,000 in shares of the Company's Class A common stock, subject to certain limitations and conditions set forth in the Equity Line Purchase Agreement. The Company shall not issue or sell any shares of common stock under the Equity Line Purchase Agreement which, when aggregated with all other shares of common stock beneficially owned by the investor, would result in beneficial ownership of more than 9.99% of the Company's outstanding shares of common stock.

Under the terms of the Equity Line Purchase Agreement, the Company has the right, but not the obligation, to sell to the investor, shares of Class A common stock over the period commencing on the execution date of the Equity Line Purchase Agreement and ending on the earlier of (i) December 31, 2025, or (ii) the date on which the investor shall have purchased Securities pursuant to the Equity Line Purchase Agreement for an aggregate purchase price of the \$5,000,000, provided that a registration statement covering the resale of shares of Class A common stock that have been and may be issued under the Equity Line Purchase Agreement is declared effective by the SEC. The Company has registered shares for potential issuance on exercise of the warrants, or drawing of the equity line, on Form S-1 that was declared effective on October 30, 2023. As of September 30, 2024 the Company has not sold any Class A common stock under the Equity Line Purchase Agreement.

2023 Note Payable

In July 2023, the Company entered into a cooperation agreement with its IDC vendor. The Company agreed to make the vendor the official server host of *Ark: Survival Evolved* and future iterations and sequels of the game for a period of 7 years. In return, the vendor has agreed to provide the Company with funds in cash of up to \$3.0 million without discount and free of charges and costs to the Company. The funds were repaid in monthly installments starting in November 2023 and were based on 20% of the gross monthly *ARK: Survival Ascended* revenues. The Company has imputed interest at 8.0% on draws made. As of September 30, 2024, we had repaid the remaining \$1.5 million outstanding under the Note Payable.

Financial covenants

The 2021 Revolving Loan, Term Loan and the 2022 Short Term Note require us to maintain a minimum debt service coverage ratio of 1.5 to 1.0. Additionally, the 2021 Revolving Loan requires us to maintain an outstanding principal balance of no more than \$3.0 million for 30 consecutive days during any twelve-month period. For the trailing twelve months ended September 30, 2024, the Company met the minimum debt service coverage ratio required by its debt covenants. The Company repaid the \$0.8 million term note that was one of three debt facilities with the lender, in January 2024. The Company's ability to comply with the covenants, or receive waivers for the covenants, can lead to the acceleration of payments due under the debt facilities with the lender, cause the lender to cease making advances under the revolving agreement, or allow the lender to take possession of collateral. Due to the projected failure to comply with the debt covenant the Company classifies its long term debt as current.

For additional information regarding our indebtedness, see Note 11, Revolving Loan, Short Term Note and Long-Term Debt to our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements included in this Quarterly Report.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

Our discussion and analysis of results of operations, financial condition, and liquidity are based upon our condensed consolidated financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP. The preparation of these condensed consolidated financial statements requires us to make estimates and judgements that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the condensed consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. We based our estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results may materially differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions. On an on-going basis, we review our estimates to ensure that they appropriately reflect changes in our business or new information as it becomes available. For additional information on our significant accounting policies, please refer to Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies to our condensed consolidated financial statements included in this Quarterly Report. We believe that the following critical accounting policies and estimates have the greatest potential impact on our condensed consolidated financial statements.

Deferred Revenue

The Company recognizes, defers, and classifies the timing of deferred revenues from the sale of its products based on estimates of the release date, technical support obligations and timing of its performance obligations. The estimated timing of release dates is dependent on development milestones met by developers and compliance with platform requirements. At any time, platform requirements may change, or the developers may miss milestones. Estimates in technical support obligations will vary by platform and could change from period to period depending on user trends. Changes in estimates of our release schedule may affect the classification of short and long term deferred revenues and the rate at which deferred revenue is recognized, which could have a material impact on the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements.

Estimated Service Period

The deferral and subsequent recognition of revenue for the Company's technical support obligations are estimated based on our estimated service period. We consider a variety of data points when determining and subsequently reassessing the estimated service period for players of our software products. Primarily, we review the weighted average number of days between players' first and last days played online. When a new game is launched and no history of online player data is available, we consider other factors to determine the estimated service period, such as the estimated service period of other games actively being sold with similar characteristics. We also consider publicly available sources of online trends, the service periods of our previously released software products, and, to the extent publicly available, the service periods of our competitors' software products that are similar in nature to ours.

We believe this provides a reasonable depiction of the use of games by our customers, as it is the best representation of the period during which our customers play our software products. An increase in estimated service period could result in a reclassification of deferred revenues from short term to long term and extend the period over which we would recognize said revenue resulting in a lower net income in future periods.

For our consumable and durable virtual items, we use a variety of data points in determining consumption and estimated service period. We also consider publicly available online trends, the service periods of our previously released software products, and to the extent publicly available, the service periods of our competitors' software products that are similar in nature to ours. The estimated consumption and service periods for virtual goods are approximately 30 to 100 days. Determining the estimated service period is subjective and requires significant management judgment and estimates. Future usage patterns may differ from historical usage patterns, and therefore the estimated service period may change in the future.

Selling Prices of Performance Obligations

The Company uses the following reasonably available information in developing the standalone selling prices of the performance obligations:

- · Reasonably available data points, including third party or industry pricing, and contractually stated prices.
- Market conditions such as market demand, competition, market constraints, awareness of the product and market trends.
- Entity-specific factors including pricing strategies and objectives, market share and pricing practices for bundled arrangements.

Deferred Income Taxes

The Company's deferred income tax assets reflect the net tax effects of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for income tax purposes. Changes in tax laws or the level of future taxable income could affect the realizability of deferred income tax assets. The Company recognizes deferred income taxes based on estimates of future taxable income and the utilization of tax loss carryforwards. In evaluating the realizability of deferred taxes, the Company evaluates all available positive and negative evidence of whether sufficient future taxable income will be generated to realize the deferred tax assets, including the results of recent operations and projections of future taxable income. The weighting of positive and negative evidence and the projection of future taxable income requires significant judgment and estimates. In addition, changes in these estimates may have a material impact on the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

For a description of recently issued and adopted accounting pronouncements, including the respective dates of adoption and expected effects on our results of operations and financial condition, please see Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies to our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included in this Quarterly Report.

Emerging Growth Company and Smaller Reporting Company Status

We are an "emerging growth company," as defined in the JOBS Act. As such, we are eligible for exemptions from various reporting requirements applicable to other public companies that are not emerging growth companies, including, but not limited to, not being required to comply with the auditor attestation requirements of Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act, reduced disclosure obligations regarding executive compensation, and an exemption from the requirements to obtain a non-binding advisory vote on executive compensation or golden parachute arrangements. We have elected to take advantage of certain of the reduced disclosure obligations and may elect to take advantage of other reduced reporting requirements in our future filings with the SEC. As a result, the information that we provide to our stockholders may be different than you might receive from other public reporting companies in which you hold equity interests.

In addition, an emerging growth company can take advantage of an extended transition period for complying with new or revised accounting standards. This provision allows an emerging growth company to delay the adoption of certain accounting standards until those standards would otherwise apply to private companies. We have elected to avail ourselves of this provision of the JOBS Act. As a result, we will not be subject to new or revised accounting standards at the same time as other public companies that are not emerging growth companies. Therefore, our condensed consolidated financial statements may not be comparable to those of companies that comply with new or revised accounting pronouncements as of public company effective dates.

We will remain an emerging growth company until the earliest of: (a)(i) the last day of the fiscal year following the fifth anniversary of the closing of our initial public offering; (ii) the last day of the fiscal year in which we have total annual gross revenue of at least \$1.235 billion; or (iii) the last day of the fiscal year in which we are deemed to be a "large accelerated filer" as defined in Rule 12b-2 under the Exchange Act, which would occur if the market value of our common stock held by non-affiliates exceeded \$700.0 million as of the last business day of the second fiscal quarter of such year and (b) the date on which we have issued more than \$1.0 billion in non-convertible debt securities during the prior three-year period.

We are also a "smaller reporting company" as defined in the Exchange Act. We may continue to be a smaller reporting company even after we are no longer an emerging growth company. We may take advantage of certain of the scaled disclosures available to smaller reporting companies and will be able to take advantage of these scaled disclosures for so long as our voting and non-voting common stock held by non-affiliates is less than \$250.0 million measured on the last business day of our second fiscal quarter, or our annual revenue is less than \$100.0 million during the most recently completed fiscal year and our voting and non-voting common stock held by non-affiliates is less than \$700.0 million measured on the last business day of our second fiscal quarter.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk.

As a "smaller reporting company" as defined by Item 10 of Regulation S-K, the Company is not required to provide the information required by this item.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures.

Disclosure Controls and Procedures

The Company maintains disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) under the Exchange Act) that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in the Company's reports under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to the Company's management, including the Co-Chief Executive Officers and the Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including the Co-Chief Executive Officers and Chief Financial Officer, we have evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act), as of September 30, 2024. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of our annual and interim financial statements will not be prevented or detected in a timely manner. Based on that evaluation, the Co-Chief Executive Officers and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were not effective as of such date due to a material weakness in the internal control over financial reporting as described in Management's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting, in Part II, Item 9A "Controls and Procedures" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023 filed with the SEC on April 1, 2024 (the "2023 Annual Report on Form 10-K"), which includes our failure to properly design and implement controls related to the accounting for income taxes and disclosure controls related to deferred taxes in the consolidated financial statements; failure to properly classify certain operating expenses and games server costs as cost of revenues in the consolidated financial statements; failure to identify and allocate the consideration received from a settlement between the settlement gain and revenues generating activities; failure to properly determine the stand-alone selling prices of each performance obligation for certain digital revenue contracts; and, failure to design and implement information technology general controls related to segregation of duties within an information system relevant to the preparation of our consolidated financial statements. In addition, during the quarter ended June 30, 2024, a disclosure misstatement was id

Management's Plan for Remediation

We are taking steps to remediate the material weaknesses, which include enhancing our financial reporting close control procedures by implementing additional review of unusual transactions, improving our review of the over-time revenue disclosures, improving our segregation of duties in the recording and approving of transactions, ensuring the accuracy and completeness of our income tax footnote disclosure and our accounting for income taxes through consultation with income tax professionals, hire experts to assist in preparing our revenue recognition policies, and hire experts in designing and implementing custom approval workflows in our ERP system in order to remediate these material weaknesses. However, our efforts to remediate the material weaknesses may not be effective in preventing a future material weakness or significant deficiency in our internal control over financial reporting.

We are committed to ensuring that our internal controls over financial reporting are designed and operating effectively. Management believes the efforts taken to date and the planned remediation will improve the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting. While these remediation efforts are ongoing, the controls must be operating effectively for a sufficient period of time and be tested by management in order to consider them remediated and conclude that the design is effective to address the risks of material misstatement.

We can give no assurance that the measures we have taken or plans to take in the future will remediate the material weaknesses identified or that any additional material weaknesses or restatements of financial results will not arise in the future due to a failure to implement and maintain adequate internal control over financial reporting or circumvention of these controls.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

During the three months ended September 30, 2024, we have made changes in our internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act) which have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting. These changes include, but are not limited to, hiring qualified experts to assist in preparing internal accounting policies and our assessment of stand-alone selling prices assigned to the performance obligations of certain digital revenue contracts', working closely with income tax professionals to ensure the accuracy and completeness of our income tax disclosures and enhance our controls over accounting for income taxes, implementation of a workflow in our ERP system that appropriately segregates duties of the users, and additional controls over the detailed review of our operating expenses

PART II OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings.

See Item 1 of Part I, "Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements - Note 14 - Commitments and Contingencies-Litigation."

Item 1A. Risk Factors.

Investing in our securities involves a high degree of risk. Before making an investment decision, you should carefully consider the risk factors described below as well as under the "Risk Factors" section in Part I – Item 1A of our 2023 Annual Report on Form 10-K, and any other periodic or current report that we file with the SEC, together with all of the related financial statements and notes thereto. Other than as set forth below, we have not identified any material changes to the risk factors previously disclosed in Part I – Item 1A – "Risk Factors" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023.

Risks Related to Our Business and Industry

Failure to meet NASDAQ's continued listing requirements could result in the delisting of our Class A common stock, negatively impact the price of our Class A common stock and negatively impact our ability to raise additional capital.

On June 27, 2024, we received a deficiency letter from the Listing Qualifications Department (the "Staff") of the Nasdaq Stock Market ("Nasdaq") notifying us that, for thirty (30) consecutive business days (from May 10, 2024 to June 26, 2024), the bid price for our Class A common stock had closed below the minimum \$1.00 per share requirement for continued inclusion on the Nasdaq Capital Market pursuant to Nasdaq Listing Rule 5550(a)(2) (the "Bid Price Rule"). In accordance with Nasdaq rules, we were provided an initial period of 180 calendar days, or until December 24, 2024 (the "Compliance Date"), to regain compliance with the Bid Price Rule. The Staff informed the Company that if, at any time before the Compliance Date, the bid price for the Class A common stock closed at \$1.00 or more for a minimum of ten (10) consecutive business days, the Staff would provide written notification to the Company that it complied with the Bid Price Rule and the matter will be closed.

On October 18, 2024, Nasdaq notified the Company that the Staff had determined that for ten (10) consecutive business days, from October 4, 2024, to October 17, 2024, the closing bid price of our Class A common stock has been at \$1.00 per share or greater. Accordingly, the Staff informed us that we had regained compliance with Nasdaq Listing Rule 5550(a)(2) and this matter is now closed.

If at any time we do not satisfy the continued listing requirements of the Nasdaq, including compliance with the Bid Price Rule, within the time frame granted by Nasdaq, our Class A common stock will be delisted from the Nasdaq. Any perception that we may not regain compliance or a delisting of our Class A common stock by Nasdaq could adversely affect our ability to attract new investors, decrease the liquidity of the outstanding shares of our Class A common stock, reduce the price at which such shares trade and increase the transaction costs inherent in trading such shares with overall negative effects for our stockholder. In addition, delisting of our Class A common stock from Nasdaq could deter broker-dealers from making a market in or otherwise seeking or generating interest in our Class A common stock, and might deter certain institutions and persons from investing in our Class A common stock. In addition, if our Class A common stock was delisted, our Class A common stock would be subject to rules that impose additional sales practice requirements on broker-dealers who sell our securities. The additional burdens imposed upon broker-dealers by these requirements could discourage broker-dealers from effecting transactions in our Class A common stock. This would adversely affect the ability of investors to trade our Class A common stock and would adversely affect the value of our Class A common stock. These factors could contribute to lower prices and larger spreads in the bid and ask prices for our Class A common stock.

The National Securities Markets Improvement Act of 1996, which is a federal statute, prevents or preempts the states from regulating the sale of certain securities, which are referred to as "covered securities." Because our Class A common stock is listed on Nasdaq, our shares of Class A common stock are "covered securities". Although the states are preempted from regulating the sale of covered securities, the federal statute does allow the states to investigate companies if there is a suspicion of fraud, and, if there is a finding of fraudulent activity, then the states can regulate or bar the sale of covered securities in a particular case. Further, if we were to be delisted from Nasdaq, our shares of Class A common stock would cease to be recognized as covered securities and we would be subject to regulation in each state in which we offer our securities.

As mentioned above, in the event of a delisting, we would take actions to restore our compliance with the Nasdaq listing requirements, but we can provide no assurance that any such action taken by us would allow our Class A common stock to become listed again, stabilize the market price or improve the liquidity of our Class A common stock or prevent our Class A common stock from meeting the mandatory Nasdaq listing requirements.

We are dependent on the future success of our ARK franchise, and we must continue to publish "hit" titles or sequels to such "hit" titles in order to compete successfully in our industry.

ARK is a "hit" product and has historically accounted for a substantial portion of our revenue. The ARK franchise contributed 82.0% of our net revenue for the nine months ended September 30, 2024, and our five best-selling franchises (including ARK), which may change year over year, in the aggregate accounted for 92.2% of our net revenue for the nine months ended September 30, 2024. If we fail to continue to develop and sell new commercially successful "hit" titles or sequels to such "hit" ittles or experience any delays in product releases or disruptions following the commercial release of our "hit" titles or their sequels, our revenue and profits may decrease substantially, and we may incur losses. In addition, competitions in our industry is intense and a relatively small number of hit titles account for a large portion of total revenue in our industry. Hit products offered by our competitors may take a larger share of consumer spending than we anticipate, which could cause revenue generated from our products to fall below our expectations. If our competitors develop more successful products or services at lower price points or based on payment models perceived as offering better value, or if we do not continue to develop consistently high-quality and well-received products and services, our revenue and profitability may decline.

We rely on license agreements to publish certain games, including games in our ARK franchise. Failure to renew our existing content licenses on favorable terms or at all or to obtain additional licenses would impair our ability to introduce new games, improvements or enhancements or to continue to offer our current games, which would materially harm our business, results of operations, financial condition and prospects.

We license certain intellectual property rights from third parties, including related parties, and in the future, we may enter into additional agreements that provide us with licenses to valuable intellectual property rights or technology. In particular, we license intellectual property rights related to our *ARK* franchise from SDE, the parent company of Studio Wildcard, which is also an entity that is owned and controlled by the spouse of our Founder, Co-Chief Executive Officer, Chief Strategy Officer and Chairman, Mr. Shi. We entered into an original exclusive software license agreement with SDE in November 2015, for the rights to *ARK*: *Survival Evolved*, and subsequently entered into the amended and restated ARK1 License Agreement. In December 2022 and October 2023, we amended the ARK1 License Agreement. The terms of our license agreements with SDE may differ from those terms which would be negotiated with independent parties. In addition, we may have disputes with SDE that may impact our business, results of operations, financial condition and/or prospects. The *ARK* franchise contributed 82.0% of our net revenue for the nine months ended September 30, 2024. Even if our games that are dependent on third-party license agreements remain popular, any of our licensors could decide not to renew our existing license agreements or not to license additional intellectual property rights to us and instead license to our competitors or develop and publish its own games or other applications, competing with us in the marketplace. Moreover, many of our licensors develop games for other platforms and may have significant experience and development resources available to them should they decide to compete with us rather than license to us. For additional information concerning our license arrangements, including licensing agreements with affiliated third parties, see Item 1 of Part I, "Business — Intellectual Property," included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023.

Failure to maintain or renew our existing material licenses or to obtain additional licenses could impair our ability to introduce new games and new content or to continue to offer our current games, which could materially harm our business, results of operations and financial condition. If we breach our obligations under existing or future licenses, we may be required to pay damages and our licensors may have the right to terminate the license or change an exclusive license to a non-exclusive license. Termination of our license agreements by a material licensor, such as SDE, would cause us to lose valuable rights, such as the rights to our ARK franchise, and would inhibit our ability to commercialize future games, which would harm our business, results of operations and financial condition. In addition, certain intellectual property rights may be licensed to us on a non-exclusive basis. The owners of nonexclusively licensed intellectual property rights would be free to license such rights to third parties, including our competitors, on terms that may be superior to those offered to us, which could place us at a competitive disadvantage. Moreover, our licensors may own or control intellectual property rights that have not been licensed to us and, as a result, we may be subject to claims, regardless of their merit, that we are infringing or otherwise violating the licensor's rights. In addition, the agreements under which we license intellectual property rights or technology from third parties and related parties are generally complex, and certain provisions in such agreements may be susceptible to multiple interpretations. The resolution of any contract interpretation disagreement that may arise could narrow what we believe to be the scope of our rights to the relevant intellectual property or technology or increase what we believe to be our financial or other obligations under the relevant agreement. Any of the foregoing could harm our competitive position, business, financial condition, results of operations

We rely on third-party platforms, such as Xbox Live and Game Pass, PlayStation Network, Steam, Epic Games Store, My Nintendo Store, the Apple App Store, the Google Play Store, and the Amazon Appstore, to distribute our games and collect revenues generated on such platforms and rely on third-party payment service providers to collect revenues generated on our own platforms.

Our games are primarily purchased, accessed and operated through Xbox Live and Game Pass, PlayStation Network, Steam, Epic Games Store, My Nintendo Store, and in the case of our mobile games, the Apple App Store, the Google Play Store and the Amazon Appstore. Substantially all of the games, DLC and in-game virtual items that we sell are purchased using the payment processing systems of these platforms and, for the nine months ended September 30, 2024, 94.0% of our revenues were generated through Xbox Live and Game Pass, PlayStation Network, Steam, Epic Games Store, My Nintendo Store, the Apple App Store, the Google Play Store, and the Amazon Appstore. Consequently, our expansion and prospects depend on our continued relationships with these providers, and any other emerging platform providers that are widely adopted by our target players. In addition, having such a large portion of our total net revenues concentrated in a few counterparties reduces our negotiating leverage. We are subject to the standard terms and conditions that these platform providers have for game developers, which govern the content, promotion, distribution, operation of games and other applications on their platforms, as well as the terms of the payment processing services provided by the platforms, and which the platform providers can change unilaterally on short notice or without notice. As such, our business would be harmed if:

- the platform providers discontinue or limit our access to their platforms;
- governments or private parties, such as internet providers, impose bandwidth restrictions, increase charges or restrict or prohibit access to those platforms;
- the platforms increase the fees they charge us;
- the platforms modify their algorithms, communication channels available to developers, respective terms of service or other policies;
- the platforms decline in popularity;
- the platforms adopt changes or updates to their technology that impede integration with other software systems or otherwise require us to modify our technology or
 update our games in order to ensure players can continue to access our games and content with ease;
- the platforms elect or are required to change how they label free-to-play games or take payment for in-game purchases;
- the platforms block or limit access to the genres of games that we provide in any jurisdiction;
- the platform experiences a bankruptcy or other form of insolvency event; or
- we are unable to comply with the platform providers' terms of service.

Moreover, if our platform providers do not perform their obligations in accordance with our platform agreements or otherwise meet our business requirements, we could be adversely impacted. For example, in the past, some of these platform providers have experienced outages for short periods of time, unexpectedly changed their terms or conditions, or experienced issues with their features that permit our players to purchase games or in-game virtual items. In addition, if we do not adhere to the terms and conditions of our platform providers, the platform providers may take actions to limit the operations of, suspend or remove our games from the platform, and/or we may be exposed to liability or litigation. For example, in August 2020, Epic Games, Inc. ("Epic Games"), attempted to bypass Apple and Google's payment systems for in-game purchases with an update that allowed users to make purchases directly through Epic Games in its game, Fortnite. Apple and Google promptly removed Fortnite from their respective app stores, and Apple filed a lawsuit seeking injunctive relief to block the use of Epic Games' payment system and sought monetary damages to recover funds made while the updated version of Fortnite was active.

If any such events described above occur on a short-term or long-term basis, or if these third-party platforms and online payment service providers otherwise experience issues that impact the ability of players to download or access our games, access social features, or make in-game purchases, it would have a material adverse effect on our brands and reputation, as well as our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Our business is subject to our ability to develop commercially successful products for the current video game platforms, which may not generate immediate or near-term revenues, and as a result, our business and operating results may be more volatile and difficult to predict during console transitions than during other times.

We derive most of our revenue from publishing video games on third-party platform providers, such as Xbox Live and Game Pass, PlayStation Network, Steam, Epic Games Store, the Apple App Store, the Google Play Store, My Nintendo Store and the Amazon Appstore, which, in the aggregate, comprised 94.0% of our net revenue by product platform for the nine months ended September 30, 2024. The success of our business is subject to the continued popularity of these platforms and our ability to develop commercially successful products for these platforms.

Historically, when next generation consoles are announced or introduced into the market, consumers have typically reduced their purchases of products for prior-generation consoles in anticipation of purchasing a next-generation console and products for that console. During these periods, sales of the products we publish may decline until new platforms achieve wide consumer acceptance. Console transitions may have a comparable impact on sales of DLC, amplifying the impact on our revenues. This decline may not be offset by increased sales of products for the next-generation consoles. In addition, as console hardware moves through its life cycle, hardware manufacturers typically enact price reductions, and decreasing prices may put downward pressure on software prices. During console transitions, we may simultaneously incur costs both in continuing to develop and market new titles for prior-generation video game platforms, which may not sell at premium prices, and also in developing products for next-generation platforms, which may not generate immediate or near-term revenues. As a result, our business and operating results may be more volatile and difficult to predict during console transitions than during other times.

Tax law or tax rate changes could affect our effective tax rate and future profitability.

Our effective tax rate was 28% and 21% for the nine month periods ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. In general, changes in applicable U.S. federal and state and foreign tax laws and regulations, or their interpretation and application, including the possibility of retroactive effect, could affect our tax expense. In addition, taxing authorities in many jurisdictions in which we operate may propose changes to their tax laws and regulations. These potential changes could have a material impact on our effective tax rate, long-term tax planning and financial results.

The Company has debt obligations with short term durations that are coming due within one year.

We have significant debt obligations coming due within one year. Our current revolving loan has a balance of \$3.0 million as of September 30, 2024, and is due for repayment on December 31, 2024. The Company intends to extend the revolving loan and renew our short-term note debt arrangement and faces the risk that we will be unable to. If we are unable to extend the revolving loan or renew the debt arrangement, the Company may have significantly reduced unrestricted cash which could adversely impact our results of operations and ability to invest in the development and acquisition of IP. See Note 11 – Revolving Loan, Short Term Note and Long-Term Debt to our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements included in this Quarterly Report.

We cannot guarantee that our share repurchase program will be fully implemented or it will enhance stockholder value, and share repurchases could affect the price of our Class A common stock.

In November 2022, our board of directors authorized a share repurchase program of up to \$5 million of our outstanding Class A common stock (the "Share Repurchase Program"), which does not have a fixed expiration date. Share repurchases under the program may be made from time to time through open market transactions, block trades, privately negotiated transactions or otherwise and are subject to market and business conditions, levels of available liquidity, cash requirements for other purposes, regulatory, and other relevant factors, at the discretion of management and in accordance with applicable federal securities laws and other applicable legal requirements and Nasdaq listing rules. The timing, pricing, and size of share repurchases will depend on a number of factors, including, but not limited to, price, corporate and regulatory requirements, and general market and economic conditions. As of September 30, 2024, approximately \$1.3 million of the Share Repurchase Program remains available for future repurchases. The Share Repurchase Program does not obligate us to repurchase any dollar amount or number of shares, and the program may be suspended or discontinued at any time, which may result in a decrease in the price of our Class A common stock.

Repurchases under our Share Repurchase Program will decrease the number of outstanding shares of our Class A common stock and therefore could affect the price of our Class A common stock and increase its volatility. The existence of our Share Repurchase Program could also cause the price of our Class A common stock to be higher than it would be in the absence of such a program and could reduce the market liquidity for our Class A common stock. Additionally, repurchases under our Share Repurchase Program will diminish our cash reserves, which could impact our ability to further develop our business and service our indebtedness. There can be no assurance that any share repurchases will enhance stockholder value because the market price of our Class A common stock may decline below the levels at which we repurchased such shares. Any failure to repurchase shares after we have announced our intention to do so may negatively impact our reputation and investor confidence in us and may negatively impact our Class A common stock price. Although our Share Repurchase Program is intended to enhance long-term stockholder value, short-term price fluctuations could reduce the program's effectiveness.

We identified material weaknesses in our internal control over financial reporting and we may identify additional material weaknesses in the future that may cause us to fail to meet our reporting obligations or result in material misstatements of our financial statements. If we do not effectively remediate the material weaknesses or if we otherwise fail to maintain effective internal control over financial reporting, we may not be able to accurately and timely report our financial results.

Our management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with GAAP. Our management is likewise required, on a quarterly basis, to evaluate the effectiveness of our internal controls and to disclose any changes and material weaknesses identified through such evaluation in those internal controls. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of our annual or interim financial statements will not be prevented or detected on a timely basis.

Our management identified material weaknesses in our internal control over financial reporting involving the failure to properly design and implement controls related to the accounting for income taxes and disclosure controls related to deferred taxes in the consolidated financial statements; failure to properly classify certain operating expenses and games server costs as cost of revenues in the consolidated financial statements; failure to identify and allocate the consideration received from a settlement between the settlement gain and revenues generating activities; failure to properly determine the stand-alone selling prices of each performance obligation for certain digital revenue contracts; and, failure to design and implement information technology general controls related to segregation of duties within an information system relevant to the preparation of the Company's consolidated financial statements. Due to the size and nature of our organization and the implementation timing of our new cloud-based ERP system, we had limited personnel and system capabilities for adequate segregation of duties during the nine months ended September 30, 2024. See Part I, Item 4, "Controls and Procedures," in this Quarterly Report for information regarding the identified material weaknesses and our actions to date to remediate the material weaknesses. In addition, during the quarter ended June 30, 2024, a disclosure misstatement was identified related to the amount of revenue recognized over time and point in time. The lack of review procedures over this disclosure gives rise to a material weaknesses in our internal control over financial reporting. As a result of the material weaknesses, our management has concluded that our internal control over financial reporting were not effective as of September 30, 2024.

We are taking steps to remediate the material weaknesses, which include to enhancing our financial reporting close control procedures by implementing additional review of unusual transactions, improving our review of the over-time revenue disclosures, improving our segregation of duties in the recording and approving of transactions, ensuring the completeness of our income tax footnote disclosure through consultation with income tax professionals, hire experts to assist in preparing our revenue recognition policies, and hire experts in designing and implementing custom approval workflows in our ERP system in order to remediate these material weaknesses. However, our efforts to remediate the material weaknesses may not be effective in preventing a future material weakness or significant deficiency in our internal control over financial reporting. If we do not effectively remediate the material weaknesses or if we otherwise fail to maintain effective internal control over financial reporting, we may not be able to accurately and timely report our financial results, which could cause our reported financial results to be materially misstated, result in the loss of investor confidence and cause the market price of our Class A common stock to decline

We can give no assurance that the measures we have taken or plans to take in the future will remediate the material weaknesses identified or that any additional material weaknesses or restatements of financial results will not arise in the future due to a failure to implement and maintain adequate internal control over financial reporting or circumvention of these controls

We depend on our key management and product development personnel.

Our continued success will depend to a significant extent on our senior management team and maintaining positive relationships with our games' developers, including Studio Wildcard, and the product development personnel responsible for content creation and development of our ARK franchise.

On April 15, 2024, Jim S. Tsai notified the Company of his decision to resign from his position as the Chief Executive Officer of the Company and all of the Company's subsidiaries, including, Snail Games USA, Inc., with such resignation effective April 15, 2024; however, Mr. Tsai remained with the Company for a 30-day transition period. In conjunction with Mr. Tsai's resignation as the Company's Chief Executive Officer, the Company appointed Hai Shi and Xuedong (Tony) Tian to serve as the Company's new Co-Chief Executive Officer, effective April 15, 2024. We are highly dependent on the expertise, skill and knowledge of Mr. Shi, our Founder, Co-Chief Executive Officer, Chief Strategy Officer and Chairman, Mr. Tian, our other Co-Chief Executive Officer, and Mr. Peter Kang, our Vice President and Director of Business Development and Operations. The loss of the services of any or all of these executive officers, or certain key product development personnel, including those employed by studio partners, such as Studio Wildcard, could significantly harm our business. In addition, if one or more key employees were to join a competitor or form a competing company, we may lose additional personnel, experience material interruptions in product development, delays in bringing products to market and difficulties in our relationships with licensors, suppliers and customers, which would significantly harm our business. Failure to continue to attract and retain qualified management and creative personnel could adversely affect our business and prospects.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

(a) Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities.

The Company did not issue any securities that were not registered under the Securities Act during the nine months ended September 30, 2024.

(b) Use of Proceeds

Not applicable.

(c) Purchases of Equity Securities by the Issuer and Affiliated Purchasers

	Total Number of Shares Purchased	Average Price Paid per Share	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs	Approximate Dollar Value of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased under the Plans or Programs			
	In thousands, except per share amounts						
Period							
January 2024	_	_	_	_			
February 2024	_	_	_	_			
March 2024	_	_	_	_			
April 2024	_	_	_	_			
May 2024	_	_	_	_			
June 2024	_	_	_	_			
July 2024	_	_	_	_			
August 2024	_	_	_	_			
September 2024	_	_	_	_			
Total		\$		\$			

On November 10, 2022, our board of directors authorized a Share Repurchase Program under which we may repurchase up to \$5 million in outstanding shares of our Class A common stock, subject to ongoing compliance with Nasdaq listing rules. The program does not have a fixed expiration date. The share repurchases may be made from time to time through open market transactions, block trades, privately negotiated transactions or otherwise and are subject to market and business conditions, levels of available liquidity, cash requirements for other purposes, regulatory, and other relevant factors. There were no share repurchases settled in the nine months ended September 30, 2024. As of September 30, 2024, 1,350,275 shares of Class A common stock were repurchased pursuant to the Share Repurchase Program for an aggregate purchase price of approximately \$3.7 million. The average price paid per share was \$2.72 and approximately \$1.3 million aggregate amount of shares of Class A common stock remain available for repurchase under the Share Repurchase Program. For more information regarding the Share Repurchase Program refer to Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies to our condensed consolidated financial statements included in this Quarterly Report.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

None.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures.

Not applicable.

Item 5. Other Information

During the quarter ended September 30, 2024, no director or officer of the Company adopted or terminated any "Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement" or "non-Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement," as each term is defined in Item 408(a) of Regulation S-K.

Item 6. Exhibits

Exhibit Index

Exhibit			Incorporation by Reference				
Number	Description	Form	File No.	Exhibit	Filing Date		
3.1	Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of Snail, Inc.	8-K	001-41556	3.1	November 15, 2022		
3.2	Amended and Restated Bylaws of Snail, Inc.	8-K	001-41556	3.2	November 15, 2022		
31.1*	Certification of Co-Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Rules 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a), under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as Adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.						
31.2*	Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Rules 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.						
32.1**	Certification of Co-Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.						
32.2**	Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.						
101.INS	Inline XBRL Instance Document						
101.SCH	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document						
101.CAL	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document						
101.DEF	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document						
101.LAB	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document						
101.PRE	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document						
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (embedded within the Inline XBRL document)						

^{*} Filed herewith.

These certifications are being furnished solely to accompany this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, and are not being filed for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and are not to be incorporated by reference into any filing of Snail, Inc., whether made before or after the date hereof, regardless of any general incorporation language in such filing.

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, the Registrant has duly caused this Report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, in Culver City, California, on November 13, 2024.

Snail, Inc.

Date: November 13, 2024

By: /s/Xuedong Tian

Xuedong Tian Co-Chief Executive Officer

(Co-Principal Executive Officer)

Date: November 13, 2024

By: /s/ Heidy Chow

Heidy Chow Chief Financial Officer

(Principal Financial Officer and Principal Accounting Officer)

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CERTIFICATION OF CO-CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-14(a) AND RULE 15d-14(a) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Xuedong Tian, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the period ended September 30, 2024 of Snail, Inc;
- Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13-a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financing reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 13, 2024

By: /s/ Xuedong Tian

Xuedong Tian

Co-Chief Executive Officer
(Co-Principal Executive Officer)

CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-14(a) AND RULE 15d-14(a) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Heidy Chow, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the period ended September 30, 2024 of Snail, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13-a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financing reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 13, 2024

By: /s/ Heidy Chow

Heidy Chow Chief Financial Officer

(Principal Financial Officer and Principal Accounting Officer)

CERTIFICATION OF THE CO-CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Snail, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2024 (the "Report"), I, Xuedong Tian, Co-Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to the best of my knowledge:

(1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and

(2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Registrant.

Date: November 13, 2024 By: /s/ Xuedong Tian

Name: Xuedong Tian

Title: Co-Chief Executive Officer

(Co-Principal Executive Officer)

CERTIFICATION OF THE CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Snail, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2024 (the "Report"), I, Heidy Chow, Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to the best of my knowledge:

(1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and

(2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Registrant.

Date: November 13, 2024 By: /s/ Heidy Chow

Name: Heidy Chow

Title: Chief Financial Officer

(Principal Financial Officer and Principal Accounting Officer)